

No.1

## PASADENA and auxiliary stations

1933

Date	Sta- tion	Phase	G. C. T.			T sec	A mm	c d	Focal depth	Remarks		
			h	m	s							
Jan 1	PX	iZ	09	01	06	35		c	normal			
		iEZ			11						c	
		iZ			47							c
		iZ	02	12								
		iE	11	21								
		iEZ	12	35								
		eZ	13	14								
		eLE	27	44								
		ePE	01	07								
		ePNE		13								
		eN	11	27								
SB	eE	01	09									
T	iPNEZ			12			c					
										iNEZ		17
H	iPNEZ		01	12								
										iZ		16
Jan 1	T	eZ	09	27	17							
	H	eZ			14							
Jan 1	PX	iPZ	10	16	57			d	deep?			
		iPNEZ			45							
		iPNEZ			50							
Jan 3	P	iPZ	22	52	28			c	deep?			
		iPZ			19							
		ePE			23							
Jan 4	PX	iPEZ	01	37	07	35			normal			
		iSE		47	31							
		eLE	02	02.1								
		iPNE	01	37	08							
		ePNE			10							
		iPN			00							
		ePZ		36	59							
		iPNEZ		37	01							
iPNE			05									
Jan 4	PX	ePEZ	04	06	06	20			normal	J S A: 60.3°N., 145°W. 0 - 03:59:43 USCGS: 62°N., 148°W., 0 - 03:59.5		
		iE			19							
		iE		07	36							
		eE		10	54							
		iSE		11	24							
		eLE		15	28							
		ePNE	MW	06	07							
		eSN		11	25							
		ePNE	R	06	09							
		eNE			24							
		iSN		11	30							
		ePN	SB	06	02							
		eN			12							
		iPNEZ	T	05	46							
		iNEZ			57							
		iSN		10	46							
		iPNEZ	H	05	54							
		iNEZ		06	05							
eSN		11	00									



No.2

PASADENA and auxiliary stations

1933

Date	Sta- tion	Phase	G. C. T.			T sec	A mm	c d	Focal depth	Remarks
			h	m	s					
Jan 4	P	iPNEZ	21	13	03				1000 km. S.W. of Pasadena. Roughly 28°N 126°W. First shock definitely located in that region.	
		iSNEZ		14	46					
	MW	ePNE		13	09					
		iSNE		14	51					
	R	ePNE		13	09					
		eSNE		14	56					
	SB	ePNE		12	54					
		iSNE		14	31					
	T	ePNE		13	28					
		eSNE		16	02					
	H	ePNEZ		13	25					
Jan 6	PX	ePZ	19	29	26					
	T	eZ			29					
Jan 7	PX	ePZ	04	18	15			normal	Surface waves recorded.	
		iSZ		27	53					
	MW	ePZ		18	15					
		iNEZ			28					
	R	eNE			30					
	T	iPNEZ			07					
		iZ			16					
		eSNE		27	40					
	H	iPNEZ		18	14					
		iNEZ			26					
Jan 7	P	ePZ	05	05	21			deep?		
	MW	iPZ			22					
	T	ePE			11					
Jan 7	P	eNEZ	19	45	08			deep		
		iNEZ			36					
	MW	eZ			09					
		eZ			37					
	T	iPNEZ		44	47					
		eZ		45	14					
	H	iZ		44	55					
		iZ		45	23					
Jan 8	P	eNZ	06	40	32			deep?		
	MW	iPZ			32					
	T	eZ			21					
Jan 8	P	ePZ	18	39	56			deep		
	MW	ePZ			57					
	T	ePZ			46					
Jan 9	P	ePNEZ	02	15	48			deep	Surface waves small or absent.	
		eZ		19	15					
		iZ		20	21					
	MW	ePZ		15	50					
		iZ		20	03					
		iZ			21					
	T	iPZ		15	37					
	iZ		19	48						
		iSNEZ		25	56					
Jan 9	P	iPZ	02	30	55			deep		
	MW	iPZ			56					
		iPNEZ		31	05					
	T	eSN		41	44					



No.3

PASADENA and auxiliary stations

1933

Date	Station	Phase	G. C. T.			T sec	A mm	c d	Focal depth	Remarks
			h	m	s					
Jan 9	P	iPZ	23	56	41			d	deep	
	MW	iPNEZ			44					
	LJ	ePNE			38					
	T	iPNEZ			26					
	H	iPEZ			32					
Jan 12	P	iPNEZ	01	25	00			c	deep	
	MW	iPNEZ			00					
	T	iPNEZ			16			d		
		iSNE		35	25					
	H	ePZ		25	08					
Jan 15	P	ePNEZ	08	01	08				normal	
		iSNEZ		02	48					
	MW	iPNEZ		01	06					
		iSNEZ		02	49					
	T	iPNEZ		00	46					
	H	iSNEZ		02	18					
Jan 15	P	ePNEZ	08	01	08				normal	
		iSNEZ		02	48					
	MW	iPNEZ		01	06					
		iSNEZ		02	49					
	T	iPNEZ		00	46					
Jan 15	P	iPNEZ	18	15	21			c	deep	
		iZ		16	02					
	MW	iPZ		15	22					
		iZ		16	03					
	T	eZ		15	23					
Jan 16	P	iPZ	09	40	44				deep?	
	T	ePZ			47					
Jan 17	T	iPZ	19	07	56					
Jan 18	P	iPNEZ	17	24	56			c	deep	
	T	iPNEZ			42					
	H	iPNEZ			47			c		
Jan 21	P	iP'Z	19	41	21			d	normal	J S A: 41°S 59°E 0 - 19:20:57
		iEZ			27					
		eNEZ		47	02					USCGS: 37°S 59°E approx. 0 - 19:20,8
	PX	eLEZ	20	49						
	R	eP'NE	19	41	22					
	LJ	eNE		46	58					
Jan 23	P	iPNEZ	18	25	43				deep	
	R	ePNE			46					
		eSN		35	06					
	LJ	iPNE		25	45					
		iSN		35	02					
	T	iPEZ		25	51					
Jan 24	P	iPZ	03	40	24			d	deep	
		iSNEZ			51					
	PX	iSE		51	11					
	R	ePNE		43	45					
	LJ	iN			46					
Jan 27	P	ePZ	22	27	07					
Jan 27	P	iPNEZ	22	47	54					J S A: 09.5°S 173.1 W 0 - 22:36:41
	P34	iN		57	59					
		iLN	23	09	50	40				
	LJ	ePNE	22	47	53					
		iNE		48	01					
	eSE		57	41						



No. 4

## PASADENA and auxiliary stations

1933

Date	Sta- tion	Phase	G. C. T.			T sec	A mm	c d	Focal depth	Remarks	
			h	m	s						
Feb 2	P	iPNEZ	09	42	41				deep		
		eZ		44	39						
	R	iPZ		42	47						
		eZ		44	37						
	LJ	ePNE		42	45						
	T	ePE			49						
H	iPNEZ			52							
Feb 2	P	iPNEZ	13	15	28			c	deep		
		eZ		17	30						
	R	ePZ		15	31						
	T	iPNE			39						
Feb 3	P	iPNEZ	22	22	31			c	deep	(any. Surface waves very small, if ... J S A: 46° N 151° E .	
	PX	iSNE		31	19						
	R	iPNZ		22	33						
	SB	ePNE			20						
	LJ	iPNE			40						
	T	iPNEZ			21		c				
	H	eSN		30	58						
	H	iPNEZ		22	25						
Feb 4	P	iPNEZ	06	29	35			c	deep		
		R	iPZ			35					c
		T	iPNEZ			29					c
		H	iPNEZ			32					c
Feb 8	P	iPEZ	00	59	51						
	T	iPEZ	01	01	03						
Feb 8	P	iPZ	10	30	44						
	T	iPEZ			52						
Feb 9	P	iPZ	04	08	38			c	deep		
		eZ		10	04						
	R	iPZ		08	45						
	T	iPZ			31						
Feb 9	P	iPNZ	04	27	12						
Feb 10	P	iPZ	08	57	28			d	deep		
		iZ			58						
	R	eNE			24						
	LJ	eN			44						
	T	iPNEZ		57	39						
		INEZ		58	08			c			
Feb 13	P	iPNEZ	03	02	43			c	deep?		
		ePZ			47						
		ePNEZ			30						
Feb 14	P	ePZ	05	34	41				normal	Small surface waves recorded	
		ePZ			43						
		ePEZ			51						
Feb 15	P	iPZ	02	32	40			c	deep?		
		iPZ			43						
Feb 18	T	iPNEZ	12	13	25						
Feb 19	P	iPNEZ	04	25	18			d	deep?		
		iPNEZ			46						
		eSN		32	17						
Feb 19	P	iPNEZ	08	47	24			c	normal		
		PX	eLZ	09	15.7						
		MW	ePNE	08	47	24					
		T	iPNEZ			28					



No.5

PASADENA and auxiliary stations

1935

Date	Sta- tion	Phase	G. C. T.			T sec	A mm	c d	Focal depth	Remarks
			h	m	s					
Feb 20	P	eZ	11	10	50				deep?	
	T	iPNEZ			35					
Feb 20	P	iPNEZ	17	19	46			c		
	R	iPZ			40					
	LJ	ePNE			31					
	T	iPNEZ		20	11					
	H	ePZ			01					
Feb 23	P	iPNEZ	08	20	34			c	Normal?	Small surface waves recorded.
		iPRIN		23	39					
		iSNEZ		29	51					USCGS: 19° S 69° W 0- 08:09:25
	R	iPNEZ		20	29			c		JSA : 19° 5 S 71° W 0- 08:09:38
		iSNEZ		29	44					
	SB	ePNE		20	44					
		iSNE		30	03					
	LJ	iPN		20	19					
		iSNE		29	33					
	T	iPNEZ		20	46			c		Damage at Iquique, Chile.
	iSNZ		30	15						
Feb 24	P	iPZ	05	17	08			d	deep?	
	R	iPZ			10			d		
	T	iPNEZ			01					
Feb 25	T	iPNEZ	22	05	37			c		
Feb 28	P	iPZ	04	38	16			c	deep	
	R	iPZ			15					
	T	iPZ			16			c		
Feb 28	P	iPNEZ	09	30	07			c	deep?	
		iZ			34					
	R	ePZ			08					
		iZ			55					
	T	iPNEZ			50					
		iZ		31	36					
Feb 28	T	ePEZ	22	29	39					

Harry O. Wood,  
 Research Associate in charge.  
 C.F.Richter,  
 Assistant.



# SEISMOLOGICAL LABORATORY

CARNEGIE INSTITUTION OF WASHINGTON  
CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

220 NORTH SAN RAFAEL AVENUE,  
PASADENA, CALIFORNIA

h	V	T
0.8-0.9	<b>BULLETIN</b>	N - S

The SEISMOLOGICAL LABORATORY, Pasadena, California, is maintained and operated by the Carnegie Institution of Washington and the California Institute of Technology as a coöperative undertaking. This laboratory is the central station of a coördinated group. Auxiliary stations in southern California are maintained and operated as follows: At the Mount Wilson Observatory on Mount Wilson (a Department of the Carnegie Institution of Washington); at Riverside (in coöperation with the City of Riverside); at Santa Barbara (in coöperation with the Santa Barbara Museum of Natural History); at La Jolla (in coöperation with the Scripps Institution of Oceanography of the University of California); at Tinemaha, and at Haiwee, in the Owens Valley (in coöperation with the Department of Water and Power of the City of Los Angeles).

**TIME:** At all these stations the minute-marks on the seismograms are coördinated directly by means of auxiliary records written at each station on which the minute-marks are registered closely parallel with recorded dot-and-dash radiotelegraphic signals sent in ordinary course from a powerful transmitting station. This permits direct correlation of the minute-marks at all the stations of the group at practically all times with an accuracy of one second, and usually of one-fifth second.

Standard time is determined at Pasadena by comparing the station clock with automatically recorded radio time signals, sent from Annapolis (NSS), three to five times daily.

The constants of these stations follow.

## PASADENA SEISMOLOGICAL LABORATORY Central Station

$\Phi = 34^\circ 08.9' N.$ ,  $\lambda = 118^\circ 10.3' W.$ ,  $h = 295$  m., Deeply weathered granitic rock, with inclusions of gneiss and schist.

**Apparatus:** horizontal-component torsion seismometers with magnetic damping and optical recording. (Cf. Bull. Seis. Soc. Am., XV, 1, 1925).

**Instruments, and Constants (approximate);**

	$T_0$	V	h
N — S	0.8 sec.	2,800	0.8-0.9
E — W	"	"	"
N — S	6 sec.	800	0.8-0.9
E — W	"	"	"

vertical component seismometers with oil damping and galvanometric-optical recording. (Details shortly to be published.)

inertia-mass 100 kg.  $T_0 = 0.5$  sec. Damping critical or slightly less;

galvanometers: (1)  $T_1 = 0.2$  sec. Damping critical.

(2)  $T_1 = 10$  to 14 sec. Damping critical.

The constants of the short-period instruments do not undergo any significant changes. The constants of the instruments of longer period will be given from time to time when deviations from the values given are significant.

Experimental seismographs of various kinds are in process of development from time to time, and are used for intervals of variable duration. Information concerning these will be given when necessary.



## AUXILIARY STATIONS

Each of the auxiliary stations has equipment as follows:

**Apparatus:** two horizontal-component torsion seismometers with magnetic damping and optical recording;

**Instruments, and Constants (approximate);**

	T <sub>0</sub>	V	h
N — S	0.8 sec.	2,800	0.8-0.9
E — W	“	“	“

one vertical component seismometer with oil damping and galvanometric-optical recording to be installed at each station;  
 inertia-mass 100 kg. T<sub>0</sub>=0.5 sec. Damping critical or slightly less;  
 galvanometer: T<sub>i</sub>=0.2 sec. Damping critical.

The Station Constants follow.

Coördinates are geodetic positions referred to the North American Datum.

**Mount Wilson Seismologic Station**

Φ = 34° 13.5' N., λ = 118° 03.4' W., h = 1742m., Weathered granite.

**Riverside Seismologic Station**

Φ = 33° 59.6' N., λ = 117° 22.4' W., h = 250 m. approx., Weathered granite.

**Santa Barbara Seismologic Station**

Φ = 34° 26.5' N., λ = 119° 42.9' W., h = 100 m. approx., Heavy, boulder-laden alluvium.

**La Jolla (Scripps Institution Seismologic Station)**

Φ = 32° 51.8' N., λ = 117° 15.2' W., h = 7.7 m. approx., Consolidated detrital material.

**Tinemaha Seismologic Station**

Φ = 37° 05.7' N., λ = 118° 15.5' W., h = 1180 m. approx., Basalt.

**Haiwee Seismologic Station**

Φ = 36° 08.2' N., λ = 117° 58.6' W., h = 1100 m. approx., Loosely cemented tuff.

**SYMBOLS AND NOTATION:** in general the symbols and notation conform with the usual international practice. For the phases of deep-focus earthquakes the notation of F. J. Scrase is adopted. c, d are abbreviations for compression and dilatation.

When measurements referring to local earthquakes are included P and S will be used without index or subscript, as no attempt will be made in these bulletins to distinguish between  $\bar{P}$ , P\*, and P<sub>n</sub>, although such complications are often clearly indicated and are the subject of study.

**AMPLITUDES**, (half-ranges), are measured in millimeters of the seismographic trace.

**SPECIAL SYMBOLS** indicating the stations of this coördinated group are as follows:

**PASADENA SEISMOLOGICAL LABORATORY**

- For routine instruments of period 0.8 second . . . . . P
- For routine instruments of period 6 seconds . . . . . P<sub>6</sub>
- For instruments of different period analogous notation will be employed.
- For routine vertical component, galvanometer period 0.2 second . . . . . P
- For routine vertical component, galvanometer period 10 to 14 seconds . . . . . PX

**Mount Wilson Seismologic Station** . . . . . MW

**Riverside Seismologic Station** . . . . . R

**Santa Barbara Seismologic Station** . . . . . SB

**La Jolla (Scripps Institution Seismologic Station)** . . . . . LJ

**Tinemaha Seismologic Station** . . . . . T

**Haiwee Seismologic Station** . . . . . H

In general detailed measurements will be given only for the records of the Seismological Laboratory: those for records of the other stations will be given only to supplement the information.



PASADENA

Preliminary Notice

Earthquake of March 10, 1933.

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The occurrence of this shock has necessitated suspension of most of the routine and research work at this laboratory, in order to collect valuable data while still obtainable, and to attend to other emergency matters.

All times given below are Pacific Standard Time (meridian of 120°W.); for G.C.T. add eight hours. The date of the principal shock is thus March 10, P.S.T., but March 11, G.C.T. (at 01<sup>h</sup>).

The times of beginning of the large shock were well recorded at all stations of this group, as follows.

Pasadena:	05:54:19.3 p.m., March 10, P.S.T.
Mount Wilson:	20.6
Riverside:	20.7
La Jolla:	27.4
Santa Barbara:	37.5
Haiwee:	50.2
Tinemaha:	55:03.9

These times are not in error by more than 0.2 sec., probably not more than 0.1 sec.

The differences in these times have been used to locate the epicenter (by the hyperbola method, assuming a velocity of 5.55 km./sec. to the three nearer stations, and 7.94 km./sec. for the more distant stations). This is found to be very near 33°34.5'N., 117°59' W. This point is a short distance off the coast, between the towns of Huntington Beach and Newport Beach. It is considered probable that the origin is on one of a system of faults which run parallel with the coast in that vicinity.

The time of origin is indicated as 05:54:08. The depth appears to be less than usual, probably about 10 kilometers (6 miles).

At 01:13 a.m., on March 9, occurred a small shock strong enough to be sharply felt and occasion some alarm at Huntington Beach. It appears that its origin was near that of the large earthquake.

Aftershocks have been **very numerous**, and still continue. Complete listing of those recorded is an impossibility, as the records of the more sensitive instruments at Pasadena show nearly continuous seismic motion for many hours after the main shock. Even a list of the larger aftershocks would be too long for inclusion here. In view of certain press reports, it should be stated that none of these was at all comparable with the main shock. The largest immediate aftershock, that at 10:59 p.m., March 10, was registered with an amplitude less than four-hundredths that of the main shock. Most of the aftershocks originated near the point of origin of the large shock, but some appear to have had origins a few kilometers distant. Aftershocks were recorded for a few hours each at three temporary stations, one within ten kilometers of the principal epicenter.

The intensity of the main earthquake probably nowhere exceeded VIII on the modified Mercalli scale of 1931. Apparently stronger shaking at certain points where considerable destruction occurred was very probably due to the water-soaked alluvial character of the ground. Damage was most extensive at Long Beach, which happened to be the largest center of population near the origin. At all points, spectacular damage is confined almost wholly to bad or improperly designed construction.

In the region just inland from the epicenter there are some fissures in soft ground, sand-craterlets, and disturbances to ground water.



Earthquake of March 10, 1933- Page 2.

The outer limit of damage (outer limit of VII, 1931 scale) appears to pass through the communities of Laguna Beach, Fullerton, Los Angeles, and Manhattan Beach. On the northeast, this limit is close to the limit of the alluvial Los Angeles basin. To the west of Long Beach is a block of compact sedimentary rock, the San Pedro Hills, on which the apparent intensity is much lower. The area of perceptibility includes most of Southern California.

Seismologists will be aware that this was not a major shock; its energy was far less than that of, say, the Nevada shock of December 20-21, 1932. In magnitude and in intensity of local shaking it probably did not exceed, and may even have been less than, the Santa Barbara earthquake of June 29, 1925. The greater extent of property damage and loss of life (about 120 persons) in the present case is attributable to the more thickly settled character of the strongly shaken area.

The approximate coordinates of places mentioned follow:

	<u>N.Lat.</u>	<u>W.Long.</u>
Fullerton:	33° 52'	117° 55'
Huntington Beach:	33 40	118 01
Laguna Beach:	33 32	117 47
Long Beach:	33 46	118 12
Los Angeles:	34 03	118 15
Manhattan Beach:	33 53	118 25
Newport Beach:	33 37	117 56

Pasadena, California,  
April 4, 1933.

Harry O. Wood,  
Research Associate in charge.  
C.F. Richter,  
Assistant.



# SEISMOLOGICAL LABORATORY

CARNEGIE INSTITUTION OF WASHINGTON  
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220 NORTH SAN RAFAEL AVENUE,  
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h	V	T <sub>0</sub>
0.8-0.9	2800	0.8
<b>BULLETIN</b>		

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**Apparatus:** horizontal-component torsion seismometers with magnetic damping and optical recording. (Cf. Bull. Seis. Soc. Am., XV, 1, 1925).

**Instruments, and Constants (approximate);**

	$T_0$	V	h
N — S	0.8 sec.	2,800	0.8-0.9
E — W	"	"	"
N — S	6 sec.	800	0.8-0.9
E — W	"	"	"

vertical component seismometers with oil damping and galvanometric-optical recording. (Details shortly to be published.)

inertia-mass 100 kg.  $T_0 = 0.5$  sec. Damping critical or slightly less;

galvanometers: (1)  $T_1 = 0.2$  sec. Damping critical.

(2)  $T_1 = 10$  to 14 sec. Damping critical.

The constants of the short-period instruments do not undergo any significant changes. The constants of the instruments of longer period will be given from time to time when deviations from the values given are significant.

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N — S	0.8 sec.	2,800	0.8-0.9
E — W	“	“	“

one vertical component seismometer with oil damping and galvanometric-optical recording to be installed at each station;  
 inertia-mass 100 kg. T<sub>0</sub>=0.5 sec. Damping critical or slightly less;  
 galvanometer: T<sub>1</sub>=0.2 sec. Damping critical.

The Station Constants follow.

Coördinates are geodetic positions referred to the North American Datum.

**Mount Wilson Seismologic Station**

$\Phi = 34^\circ 13.5' N., \lambda = 118^\circ 03.4' W., h = 1742m.,$  Weathered granite.

**Riverside Seismologic Station**

$\Phi = 33^\circ 59.6' N., \lambda = 117^\circ 22.4' W., h = 250 m. approx.,$  Weathered granite.

**Santa Barbara Seismologic Station**

$\Phi = 34^\circ 26.5' N., \lambda = 119^\circ 42.9' W., h = 100 m. approx.,$  Heavy, boulder-laden alluvium.

**La Jolla (Scripps Institution Seismologic Station)**

$\Phi = 32^\circ 51.8' N., \lambda = 117^\circ 15.2' W., h = 7.7 m. approx.,$  Consolidated detrital material.

**Tinemaha Seismologic Station**

$\Phi = 37^\circ 05.7' N., \lambda = 118^\circ 15.5' W., h = 1180 m. approx.,$  Basalt.

**Haiwee Seismologic Station**

$\Phi = 36^\circ 08.2' N., \lambda = 117^\circ 58.6' W., h = 1100 m. approx.,$  Loosely cemented tuff.

**SYMBOLS AND NOTATION:** in general the symbols and notation conform with the usual international practice. For the phases of deep-focus earthquakes the notation of F. J. Scrase is adopted. c, d are abbreviations for compression and dilatation.

When measurements referring to local earthquakes are included P and S will be used without index or subscript, as no attempt will be made in these bulletins to distinguish between  $\bar{P}, P^*,$  and  $P_n,$  although such complications are often clearly indicated and are the subject of study.

**AMPLITUDES,** (half-ranges), are measured in millimeters of the seismographic trace.

**SPECIAL SYMBOLS** indicating the stations of this coördinated group are as follows:

**PASADENA SEISMOLOGICAL LABORATORY**

- For routine instruments of period 0.8 second . . . . . P
- For routine instruments of period 6 seconds . . . . . P<sub>6</sub>
- For instruments of different period analogous notation will be employed.
- For routine vertical component, galvanometer period 0.2 second . . . . . P
- For routine vertical component, galvanometer period 10 to 14 seconds . . . . . PX

- Mount Wilson Seismologic Station . . . . . MW
- Riverside Seismologic Station . . . . . R
- Santa Barbara Seismologic Station . . . . . SB
- La Jolla (Scripps Institution Seismologic Station) . . . . . LJ
- Tinemaha Seismologic Station . . . . . T
- Haiwee Seismologic Station . . . . . H

In general detailed measurements will be given only for the records of the Seismological Laboratory: those for records of the other stations will be given only to supplement the information.



No. 21

## PASADENA and auxiliary stations

1933

With the following sheets of this Bulletin we resume circulation of our readings after an interruption occasioned by the earthquake of March 10, 1933. Sheets numbered 6 to 20 inclusive have been reserved for the readings of March, April, May and June. These will be issued as soon as practicable.

Date	Station	Phase	G. C. T.			T sec	A mm	c d	Focal depth	Remarks	
			h	m	s						
July 1	P	iPZ	07	01	39				deep		
		iZ			59						
	MW	iPEZ			38						
		iZ			58						
	R	iPZ			36						
July 1	P	iPZ	07	56	23				deep?		
	MW	ePZ			23			c			
	H	ePNE			29			c			
July 1	P	iPZ	20	27	59				deep?		
	MW	iPZ			28 01			d			
	H	eE			27 48			d			
July 3	P	iPNEZ	12	09	54				deep!		
		iZ			12 58						
	MW	iPNEZ			09 55					c	
		eZ			12 53						
	R	iPNEZ			09 57					c	
	LJ	iPNEZ			55					c	
	T	ePNE			10 03						
H	iPNEZ			04							
July 6	P	eZ	04	37	04						
	MW	iZ			01						
	R	iZ			36 55						
July 6	P	ePNEZ	05	09	29						
	MW	eZ			27						
	R	iZ			14						
July 6	P	eZ	07	21	05						
	MW	eZ			00						
	R	iZ			20 58						
July 8	P	iPNEZ	22	38	26				deep		
	MW	iPNEZ			28						
	T	ePNE			41						
July 9	P	ePZ	01	41	02				normal	Surface waves recorded JSA: 44.5°N 152.3°W  O = 01:30:13	
	P6	eSE			50 00						
	MW	ePNEZ			41 02						
		eSNE			49 58						
	R	iPZ			41 12						
	SB	ePZ			40 57						
	LJ	ePZ			41 08						
		eSN			50 08						
	T	iPE			40 50						
		eSE			49 37						
	ePNE			41 01							
	eSE			49 48							
July 9	P	iPNEZ	05	38	59				d	normal $\Delta = 22.4^\circ$ (2490) km.) O = 05:33:57	
		eSNE			42 59						
		iLN			45.0						
	MW	iPNEZ			38 58						
		eSNE			42 55						
	R	ePEZ			38 54						d
		eSE			42 45						
	SB	iPNZ			39 10						d
		iSZ			43 06						
	LJ	ePNEZ			38 36						d
		eSN			42 13						
	T	ePNE			39 24						
	H	iPNEZ			18						
	eSNE			43 28							



No. 22

## PASADENA and auxiliary stations

1933

Date	Station	Phase	G. C. T.			T sec	A mm	c d	Focal depth	Remarks
			h	m	s					
July 9	P	eZ	09	38	55				normal	Small surface waves recorded
	MW	iZ			59					
	R	eZ		39	03					
	LJ	ePNEZ			05					
	T	eE		38	49					
	H	ePE			55					
July 9	P	iPZ	09	59	29				normal	Small surface waves recorded
		e	10	05	46					
	MW	iPNEZ	09	59	27					
		eZ	10	05	42					
	R	eNEZ	09	59	31					
	SB	eZ			22					
	T	eE			16					
H	eE			24						
July 9	P	eZ	11	32	34					
	T	eNE			52					
	H	eE			41					
July 9	P	iPZ	12	41	37			c	normal	
	P6	iSE		50	36					
	PX	eLN		59	37					
	MW	iPZ		41	39					
		eSNE		50	37					
	R	ePZ		41	43			c		
		eSE		50	43					
	SB	iPNEZ		41	33			c		
	LJ	ePZ			45					
		eSE		50	49					
	T	ePE		41	27					
		eSNE		50	15					
	H	ePE		41	34					
	eSE		50	26						
July 9	P	eZ	13	09	58					May be part of preceding
		eZ		10	13					
	MW	eZ			15					
	R	eEZ			13					
	SB	eZ			39					
	LJ	eZ			06					
	T	eNE			28					
	H	eE			28					
July 9	P	iZ	13	38	34					
	MW	iZ			28					
	T	eE			32					
	H	eE			39					
July 9	P	eZ	16	18	02					
	MW	eZ			05					
	SB	ePNZ		17	49					
	LJ	eZ		18	13					
	T	eNE			08					
	H	ePNE			04					
July 9	P	iZ	18	02	48					
	MW	eZ			50					
	T	eNE			49					
July 10	P	iPNEZ	00	33	12				deep	
		iZ		34	38					
		iSNE		42	44					
	MW	iPZ		33	12			c		
		eSE		42	44					
	R	iPZ		33	15			c		
		eSE		42	49					
	SB	iPZ		33	06					
	LJ	ePZ			18					
	T	ePNE			03					
	H	eSN		42	27					
	ePNZ		33	07						



No. 23 PASADENA and auxiliary stations

1933

Date 5555	Sta- tion	Phase	G. C. T. h m s	T sec	A mm	c d	Focal depth	Remarks
July 10	P	iPNEZ	03 26 36			c	normal	Large surface waves recorded JSA: 17.8°N 104° W 0- 03:22:02
	P6	iSE	30 32					
	MW	iPNEZ	26 38			c		
		eSNE	30 32					
	R	iPNEZ	26 33			c		
		eSE	30 24					
	SB	ePEZ	26 49					
		eSZ	30 43					
	LJ	ePZ	26 19					
T	ePNE	27 01						
July 10	H-	iPNZ	26 53					
		eSN	30 59					
July 10	P	iPZ	05 13 06			c	deep?	
	MW	ePNEZ	07			c		
July 10	P	eZ	08 43 17				deep?	
	MW	ePZ	18					
	R	ePNEZ	27					
	T	ePNE	42 49					
July 10	P	ePZ	10 47 32				normal?	Large surface waves at 11:25, possibly not the same shock
		iZ	52 03					
	MW	eZ	47 49					
		eZ	52 09					
	R	eEZ	12					
July 10	T	eNE	51 54					
	P	iPZ	23 12 58			c	deep?	
	MW	eNE	59					
	R	iPZ	59					
	T	eE	47					
July 11	H	ePN	52					
	P	iPNEZ	06 27 23				deep	
	MW	iPNEZ	25			c		
	R	oPZ	27					
	LJ	eZ	25					
	T	eNE	32					
July 11	H	ePE	34					
	P	iZ	07 02 14					
	R	eZ	09					
July 11	T	eE	11					
	P	iPZ	08 39 55			c	deep?	
	MW	ePZ	57			c		
July 11	T	eE	41					
	P	iPZ	09 05 23					
	R	eZ	28					
July 12	T	eE	10					
	P	iPZ	03 12 40			d	deep	
	MW	iPZ	41					
	R	iPZ	44					
July 13	H	eE	40					
	P	iPNEZ	08 09 25			c	deep	
	MW	iPZ	25			c		
	R	iPZ	27			c		
	SB	eZ	19					
	LJ	ePZ	39					
	T	ePNE	18					
July 13	H	ePNE	20					
	P	iPZ	14 42 34			d		
		iNEZ	45 54					
July 13	R	eZ	57					
	T	eNE	55					







No. 25

## PASADENA and auxiliary stations

1933

Date	Station	Phase	G. C. T.			T sec	A mm	c d	Focal depth	Remarks
			h	m	s					
July 19	P	iPZ	10	53	33				normal	Apparently two shocks from same source J.S.A. 50° N 170° W O = 10:45:36
		iZ	11	02	00					
	MW	eLN		04.2						
		iPZ	10	53	35			c		
		iZ	11	02	00					
	R	ePZ	10	53	37					
		eZ	11	02	02					
	SB	ePZ	10	53	25					
		iZ	11	02	54					
	LJ	ePZ	10	53	45					
		eZ	11	02	12					
	T	ePNE	10	53	15					
		eNE	11	01	44					
H	ePNE	10	53	25						
	eNE	11	01	53						
July 19	P	eZ	11	26	35				normal?	
	MW	iZ			39			d		
	R	ePZ			29					
		iZ			37					
	SB	eZ			36					
	LJ	eZ			43					
	T	eE			16					
	H	eNE			29					
July 19	P	iPZ	13	40	27				normal	
		iNEZ			48					
	PX	iSN		47	14					
		eLN		51.2						
	MW	iPZ		40	29					
	R	ePZ			22					
	SB	eE			33					
	LJ	ePZ			47					
		eSE		47	43					
	T	ePNE		40	11					
		eSN		46	32					
H	ePE		40	20						
	eSE		46	23						
July 19	P	iPNEZ	15	07	57				normal	
		iZ		10	03					
	PX	iSN		14	26					
	MW	iPNEZ		07	58			d		
		eSN		14	24					
	R	iPNEZ		08	00			d		
		eSE		14	32					
	SB	iPNEZ		07	49					
		eSNEZ		14	13					
	LJ	ePEZ		08	15					
		eSE		14	51					
	T	ePNE		07	41					
		eSE		13	58					
	H	ePNE		07	50					
	eSN		13	57						
July 20	P	iPEZ	23	25	35				deep?	Very small long waves recorded
	MW	iPNEZ			36			c		
	R	iPNEZ			38			c		
	T	ePNE			26					
	H	ePNEZ			30					
		eE		28	21					



No. 26

## PASADENA and auxiliary stations

1933

Date	Station	Phase	G. C. T.			T sec	A mm	c d	Focal Depth	Remarks	
			h	m	s						
July 21	P	iPNEZ	07	37	26			c			
	MW	ePNE			27						
	R	ePNEZ			21			c			
		eSNE	44	01							
	SB	iPNEZ	37	37							
	T	ePNE			31						
		eSNE	44	19							
	H	ePNEZ	37	27							
		eSE	44	14							
July 21	P	ePZ	20	25	34				normal	Surface waves recorded	
		eZ		27	01						
	MW	eZ			06						
	R	eZ			28						
	SB	eE	25	48							
	T	ePNE			28						
July 22	PX	ePZ	21	02	46				normal	USCGS: 52° N 169° W 0 = 20:55.3  JSA: 51.9° N 166.1° W 0 = 20:55:18	
	P	eSNE		09	00						
	P30	iSN			05						
		iLN	12	04							
	MW	eEZ	02	55							
		eSE	09	08							
	R	ePEZ	02	57							
		eSE	09	07							
	SB	ePZ	02	51							
		eSE	06	51							
	LJ	eZ	03	09							
		eSNE	09	25							
	T	ePNEZ	02	39							
		eSNEZ	08	36							
H	ePEZ	02	43								
	eSN	08	39								
July 23	P	ePZ	04	23	45						
	MW	ePZ			47						
	R	eZ			38						
	T	eE			45						
July 23	P	iPZ	09	48	21				normal	Small surface waves recorded	
	MW	eZ			25						
	R	eZ			17						
	T	eNE			16						
	H	ePEZ			15						
July 24	P	ePEZ	00	35	52				c	deep	
	MW	iPEZ			55						
	LJ	ePZ			59						
July 24	P	iPNEZ	08	49	15				c	deep	
		iNEZ		51	14						
	MW	iPNEZ		49	18				c		
		iZ		51	17						
	SB	iPZ		49	04						
	LJ	ePNZ			24						
	H	ePZ			09				c		
		eZ		51	08						
July 24	P	iPNEZ	19	07	00				d	normal	USCGS: 15° S 170° W 0 = 18:55.7 JSA: 15.2° S 174.5° W 0 = 18:55:36
	P6	eSE		16	17						
	P30	iLN		28	09						
	MW	iPEZ		07	03						
	R	iPEZ			03						
	LJ	ePEZ			01						
	T	iPNEZ			10						
		eNE		17	18						
	H	ePNEZ		07	08						



No. 27

## PASADENA and auxiliary stations

1933

Date	Sta- tion	Phase	G. C. T.			T sec	A mm	c d	Focal Depth	Remarks
			h	m	s					
July 26	P	iPZ	05	04	07				normal	Surface waves recorded
	H	iZ		03	58					
July 29	P	iZ	11	55	40				deep??	Source apparently to northeast
	SB	eZ			48					
	LJ	ePZ			51					
	T	eNEZ			25					
	H	iZ			28					
July 30	P	iPZ	17	27	57			c	deep	
		iZ		28	38					
	MW	iPEZ		27	58					
	T	iPEZ		28	03					
July 31	P	iPZ	03	08	00			c	deep?	
	T	eZ		07	54					
July 31	P30	eLN	12	10	00				normal	Long waves only
July 31	P	iPZ	15	33	35					
	R	iZ			28					
	T	iZ			48					

Harry O. Wood  
 Research Associate in charge.  
 C. F. Richter,  
 Assistant



# SEISMOLOGICAL LABORATORY

CARNEGIE INSTITUTION OF WASHINGTON  
CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

220 NORTH SAN RAFAEL AVENUE,  
PASADENA, CALIFORNIA

## BULLETIN

The SEISMOLOGICAL LABORATORY, Pasadena, California, is maintained and operated by the Carnegie Institution of Washington and the California Institute of Technology as a coöperative undertaking. This laboratory is the central station of a coördinated group. Auxiliary stations in southern California are maintained and operated as follows: At the Mount Wilson Observatory on Mount Wilson (a Department of the Carnegie Institution of Washington); at Riverside (in coöperation with the City of Riverside); at Santa Barbara (in coöperation with the Santa Barbara Museum of Natural History); at La Jolla (in coöperation with the Scripps Institution of Oceanography of the University of California); at Tinemaha, and at Haiwee, in the Owens Valley (in coöperation with the Department of Water and Power of the City of Los Angeles).

**TIME:** At all these stations the minute-marks on the seismograms are coördinated directly by means of auxiliary records written at each station on which the minute-marks are registered closely parallel with recorded dot-and-dash radiotelegraphic signals sent in ordinary course from a powerful transmitting station. This permits direct correlation of the minute-marks at all the stations of the group at practically all times with an accuracy of one second, and usually of one-fifth second.

Standard time is determined at Pasadena by comparing the station clock with automatically recorded radio time signals, sent from Annapolis (NSS), three to five times daily.

The constants of these stations follow.

### PASADENA SEISMOLOGICAL LABORATORY Central Station

$\Phi = 34^{\circ} 08.9' N.$ ,  $\lambda = 118^{\circ} 10.3' W.$ ,  $h = 295$  m., Deeply weathered granitic rock, with inclusions of gneiss and schist.

**Apparatus:** horizontal-component torsion seismometers with magnetic damping and optical recording. (Cf. Bull. Seis. Soc. Am., XV, 1, 1925).

**Instruments, and Constants (approximate);**

	$T_0$	V	h
N — S	0.8 sec.	2,800	0.8-0.9
E — W	"	"	"
N — S	6 sec.	800	0.8-0.9
E — W	"	"	"

vertical component seismometers with oil damping and galvanometric-optical recording. (Details shortly to be published.)

inertia-mass 100 kg.  $T_0 = 0.5$  sec. Damping critical or slightly less;

galvanometers: (1)  $T_1 = 0.2$  sec. Damping critical.

(2)  $T_1 = 10$  to 14 sec. Damping critical.

The constants of the short-period instruments do not undergo any significant changes. The constants of the instruments of longer period will be given from time to time when deviations from the values given are significant.

Experimental seismographs of various kinds are in process of development from time to time, and are used for intervals of variable duration. Information concerning these will be given when necessary.



## SEISMOLOGICAL LABORATORY AUXILIARY STATIONS

Each of the auxiliary stations has equipment as follows:

**Apparatus:** two horizontal-component torsion seismometers with magnetic damping and optical recording;

**Instruments, and Constants (approximate);**

	T <sub>0</sub>	V	h
N — S	0.8 sec.	2,800	0.8-0.9
E — W	“	“	“

one vertical component seismometer with oil damping and galvanometric-optical recording to be installed at each station;

inertia-mass 100 kg. T<sub>0</sub>=0.5 sec. Damping critical or slightly less;

galvanometer: T<sub>1</sub>=0.2 sec. Damping critical.

The Station Constants follow.

Coördinates are geodetic positions referred to the North American Datum.

### Mount Wilson Seismologic Station

Φ = 34° 13.5' N., λ = 118° 03.4' W., h = 1742m., Weathered granite.

### Riverside Seismologic Station

Φ = 33° 59.6' N., λ = 117° 22.4' W., h = 250 m. approx., Weathered granite.

### Santa Barbara Seismologic Station

Φ = 34° 26.5' N., λ = 119° 42.9' W., h = 100 m. approx., Heavy, boulder-laden alluvium.

### La Jolla (Scripps Institution Seismologic Station)

Φ = 32° 51.8' N., λ = 117° 15.2' W., h = 7.7 m. approx., Consolidated detrital material.

### Tinemaha Seismologic Station

Φ = 37° 05.7' N., λ = 118° 15.5' W., h = 1180 m. approx., Basalt.

### Haiwee Seismologic Station

Φ = 36° 08.2' N., λ = 117° 58.6' W., h = 1100 m. approx., Loosely cemented tuff.

**SYMBOLS AND NOTATION:** in general the symbols and notation conform with the usual international practice. For the phases of deep-focus earthquakes the notation of F. J. Scrase is adopted. c, d are abbreviations for compression and dilatation.

When measurements referring to local earthquakes are included P and S will be used without index or subscript, as no attempt will be made in these bulletins to distinguish between  $\bar{P}$ , P\*, and P<sub>n</sub>, although such complications are often clearly indicated and are the subject of study.

**AMPLITUDES**, (half-ranges), are measured in millimeters of the seismographic trace.

**SPECIAL SYMBOLS** indicating the stations of this coördinated group are as follows:

#### PASADENA SEISMOLOGICAL LABORATORY

- For routine instruments of period 0.8 second . . . . . P
- For routine instruments of period 6 seconds . . . . . P<sub>6</sub>
- For instruments of different period analogous notation will be employed.
- For routine vertical component, galvanometer period 0.2 second . . . . . P
- For routine vertical component, galvanometer period 10 to 14 seconds . . . . . PX

- Mount Wilson Seismologic Station . . . . . MW
- Riverside Seismologic Station . . . . . R
- Santa Barbara Seismologic Station . . . . . SB
- La Jolla (Scripps Institution Seismologic Station) . . . . . LJ
- Tinemaha Seismologic Station . . . . . T
- Haiwee Seismologic Station . . . . . H

In general detailed measurements will be given only for the records of the Seismological Laboratory: those for records of the other stations will be given only to supplement the information.



No. 28

## PASADENA and auxiliary stations

1933

Date	Sta- tion	Phase	G. C. T.			T sec	A mm	c d	Focal depth deep?	Remarks
			h	m	s					
Aug 1	P	ePZ	05	16	58					
	R	ePZ			57					
	T	eZ		17	25					
Aug 1	P	ePE	12	01	37					
	T	eZ			19					
Aug 1	P	iPNEZ	21	17	24			c	deep	
		ipPZ		19	24					
	R	iZ		17	28					
	SB	iZ			19					
Aug 2	P	iPZ	09	37	58			c	deep?	
	T	iZ		38	07					
	P	iPZ	13	54	31			c	deep?	
Aug 2	R	iZ			34					
	P	iPNEZ	19	15	43			c	deep	
Aug 3	MW	iPNE			50					
	R	iPZ			51					
	SB	iPNEZ			43					
	LJ	iPZ			49					
	T	iPNEZ			54					
	P	ePZ	09	44	02					
Aug 4	R	iPZ			02					
	T	iPZ			18					
	P	iPNEZ	00	57	16			d	normal	
Aug 5		eSNEZ	01	08	12					
		eLZ		25	06					
	P6	eScPcSE	01	07	44					
		iSE		08	11					
		ePSE		09	04					
	MW	iNE	00	57	19					
	R	iPEZ			21					
	SB	iPNZ			12					
Aug 5	T	iZ			18					
	P	iPZ	03	23	52			c	deep?	
Aug 6	T	iZ		24	00					
	P	iPNEZ	03	04	50			d	deep	
Aug 6	MW	iPNEZ			55			d		
	R	iPNEZ			52			d		
	SB	iZ		05	03					
	T	iPNEZ			09			d		
	P	iPZ	08	31	06			d	normal?	Very small surface waves recorded.
Aug 6	PX	eSZ		42	38					
	R	iPZ		31	04					
	T	iZ			24					
Aug 6	P	eZ	14	53	36					
Aug 7	P	iPZ	00	53	22					
	R	eZ			25					
	T	iPZ			23					
Aug 7	P	iPNEZ	03	08	40			d	normal	Small surface waves recorded
		iNEZ		11	55					
	PX	eN		13	32					
	MW	iPZ		08	41					
	R	iPZ			35					
	LJ	iPNEZ			24					
	T	iPNEZ			59					
		iZ		12	00					



No. 29

## PASADENA and auxiliary stations

1933

Date	Sta- tion	Phase	G. C. T.			T sec	A mm	c d	Focal depth	Remarks
			h	m	s					
Aug 8	P	iPZ	19	57	41			d		
	T	iZ			47					
Aug 9	P	iPZ	03	17	05			d	deep?	
	MW	iP			05			d		
	R	iPZ			07					
	T	ePNEZ			12					
Aug 9	P	iPNEZ	23	13	31			c	deep	
		iZ		14	16					
	MW	iPZ		13	31					
		iEZ		14	16					
	R	iPZ		13	28					
		iZ		14	12					
	LJ	iPNZ		13	21					
	T	iNZ		14	05					
	iZ		14	26						
	eSNE		24	42						
Aug 10	P	iPZ	05	01	20				deep?	
Aug 11	PX	iZ	09	13	15				normal	Begins earlier
		eLZ	10	01						
	MW	eZ	09	11	55					
		iZ		13	14					
	LJ	iZ			26					
	T	iZ		12	58					
Aug 12	P	iPNEZ	09	11	01			d	deep	
	MW	iPEZ			01			d		
	LJ	iEZ		10	48					
	T	iNEZ		11	11			d		
Aug 12	P	iPZ	12	52	42				deep	
	MW	iPZ			40					
	R	iPZ			43					
Aug 13	P	iNZ	09	48	14			d	normal	$\Delta > 175^{\circ}$
		iZ		49	54					
		iZ		53	49					
		eZ		54	44					
		iZ		56	57					
		iZ		58	01					
	P30	eLN	10	54						
	MW	iZ	09	48	15					
	R	iZ			15					
		iZ		53	46					
		iZ		56	56					
	LJ	iZ		48	15					
	T	iNEZ			16					
Aug 13	P	iPNZ	12	51	16			c	deep	
		iZ		54	33					
		iZ		59	47					
	MW	iPEZ		51	17					
		iZ		53	22					
		iZ		54	33					
		iZ		59	48					
	R	iPZ		51	19					
		iZ		59	49					
	LJ	iPNEZ		51	17					
	T	iPNEZ			24					
	iZ		59	55						



Date	Sta- tion	Phase	G. C. T.			T sec	A mm	c d	Focal depth	Remarks
			h	m	s					
Aug 13	P	iPNEZ	16	06	54				deep	
	MW	iPZ			55					
	R	iPZ			57					
	LJ	iZ			56					
	T	iPNEZ		07	02					
Aug 15	P	iPEZ	03	10	04			c	normal?	Very small surface waves recorded
	MW	iPE			03					
	R	iPZ			05					
	LJ	iPNEZ			07					
	T	iNE		09	57					
Aug 15	P	ePNEZ	20	12	00					
	R	iZ		11	56					
	SB	eZ		12	10					
	LJ	iNEZ			00					
Aug 15	P	ePZ	23	38	44				normal	
	PX	oLN		44						
Aug 20	MW	iPZ	20	11	56				deep?	
	R	iPZ			58					
Aug 20	P	iPNEZ	21	28	30				deep	
	MW	iPZ			30					
	R	iPZ			33					
	T	iPZ			41					
Aug 20	P	eZ	23	09	28					
	MW	eZ			31					
	T	iZ			15					
Aug 22	P	iPNEZ	10	00	10			c	deep	
	MW	iPZ			10					
	R	iPZ			03					
	T	iPNEZ			23					
Aug 22	P	iPZ	11	17	06			c	No surface waves, but perhaps not deep	
		iNEZ			16					
	MW	iPZ			13					
	R	iPZ			02					
		iZ			11					
	SB	ePNEZ			15					
Aug 23	P	eZ	12	09	48					
		eZ		10	15					
	MW	eZ		09	51					
		eZ		10	00					
Aug 23	P	eZ	13	13	15					
		eZ			26					
	MW	eZ			14					
	T	eNEZ		12	59					
Aug 24	P	iPNEZ	09	03	59			d	deep?	
	MW	iPZ		04	01					
	R	iPZ			04					
	T	iPNEZ			08					
Aug 25	P	iPNEZ	08	04	30				Destructive in sZechwan, China J.S.A. (revised): 33.0° N 103.4° E 0-07:50:36 USCGS 31° N. 101° E. 0-07:50.3	
		eP'Z		08	23					
	PX	iPRINZ			55					
		eScPcSN	15	02						
		iScPcPcSN			48					
		iPSNZ		17	58					
	P30	gSLIN	24.0							
	oLN	35.1								

Continued



No. 31

## PASADENA and auxiliary stations

1933

Date	Sta- tion	Phase	G. C. T.			T sec	A mm	c d	Focal depth	Remarks
			h	m	s					
Aug 25	MW	ePZ	08	04	32	Continued				
		iPSZ		17	58					
	SB T	eNEZ	08	47						
		iPFZ	04	22						
		iNEZ	08	27						
Aug 25	P	iPZ	09	43	41			d	deep?	
	MW	iPZ			39			d		
Aug 26	P	iPNEZ	08	24	00			c	deep?	
	MW	iPZ			00					
	T	iPNEZ			09					
Aug 26	P	iPNEZ	23	56	50					
	MW	eZ			50					
Aug 27	P	iPNEZ	18	05	15			c	deep	
		iZ		07	26					
	MW R T	iPEZ		05	15					
		iPZ			19					
		iPNEZ			23					
		iSNE		14	55					
Aug 28	P	iPEZ	08	58	41			c	deep	
		iZ		59	12					
	MW R T	iZ		58	43					
		iPZ			46					
		iPNEZ			31			c		
		iNEZ		59	03					
Aug 28	P	iPNEZ	13	43	29			c		
		iZ		44	14					
	MW R T	iPZ		43	31					
		iPZ			29					
		eNE			52					
Aug 28	P	ePZ	20	58	51					
	MW	iPZ			52					
	T	iPNEZ			01					
Aug 28	P	iP'Z	22	36	31			d	normal	$\Delta$ about 120°; to southeast JSA: 23°1 N. 95° E. O 22:19:52  USCGS: Probably South Atlantic Ocean. O 22:19.8 Zürich gives $\Delta$ 12000 km, which fits the latter location.
		iPR1Z		40	00					
	PX	iPR2Z		43	03					
		iScfcSN		45	36					
	P30	iPSN		49	50					
		iSR1N		56	48					
		eLN	23	11	12					
	MW	iLN		18	01					
		iP'Z		38	30					
	R	iP'Z			29			d		
	SB	iP'NEZ			41					
		iPR1Z		40	33					
LJ	iP'NEZ		38	35						
T	iP'NEZ			35						
Aug 29	P	eZ	12	43	11			c		
		iZ			26					
	MW R T	iZ			14					
		iZ			17					
		iEZ			06					



No. 32

## PASADENA and auxiliary stations

1933

Date	Sta- tion	Phase	G. C. T.			T sec	A mm	c d	Focal depth	Remarks	
			h	m	s						
Aug 29	P	iPNEZ	15	02	11				deep!	Phases about 30:40 identified as P'P'. This and other related Phases appear on the records of a number of preceding earthquakes, both deep and normal. Details will shortly be published by B. Gutenberg and C. F. Richter J:S.A.: 8°3 S. 70° W. O = 14:52:38. h 0.05-0.06	
		iPcPZ			39						
		eZ		03	20						
		isPZ		04	14						
		iPPZ		05	16						
		iSNEZ		09	58						
		iScSNEZ		10	57						
	MW	eZ		30	40						
		iPNEZ		02	12			d			
		eS		10	00						
	R	eZ		30	44						
		iPNEZ		02	07						d
		iPcPZ			36						
		isPZ		04	11						
	SB	iScSNZ		10	56						
		eZ		30	44						
		iPNZ		02	19			d			
	LJ	iScSNEZ		11	11						
		iPNEZ		02	04						d
esPNEZ			04	05							
T	iSNE		09	44							
	iScSNE		10	51							
	iPNEZ		02	24				d			
	iSNEZ		10	25							
Aug 30	P	eZ		30	40						
		iPZ	11	40	18						
		iPZ			17						
		iPZ			15						
Aug 31	T	iPEZ			31						
	P	ePZ	02	57	36			normal			
	PX	eLNZ	03	09							
	MW	ePZ	02	57	36						
	R	iZ			46						
	SB	eZ			34						
	T	cPNE			14						
Aug 31	P	eNE	03	06	32						
		iPNEZ	12	37	44			c	deep?		
		iPZ			44						
		eE			47						
Aug 20	PX	iPNEZ			45						
		eLZ	12	33	20				normal		
						<u>Addendum</u>					

Harry O. Wood  
 Research Associate in Charge  
 C. F. Richter  
 Assistant



# SEISMOLOGICAL LABORATORY

CARNEGIE INSTITUTION OF WASHINGTON  
CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

220 NORTH SAN RAFAEL AVENUE,  
PASADENA, CALIFORNIA

h	V	T <sub>0</sub>
0.8-0.9	2,800	0.8 sec.
<b>BULLETIN</b>		

The SEISMOLOGICAL LABORATORY, Pasadena, California, is maintained and operated by the Carnegie Institution of Washington and the California Institute of Technology as a coöperative undertaking. This laboratory is the central station of a coördinated group. Auxiliary stations in southern California are maintained and operated as follows: At the Mount Wilson Observatory on Mount Wilson (a Department of the Carnegie Institution of Washington); at Riverside (in coöperation with the City of Riverside); at Santa Barbara (in coöperation with the Santa Barbara Museum of Natural History); at La Jolla (in coöperation with the Scripps Institution of Oceanography of the University of California); at Tinemaha, and at Haiwee, in the Owens Valley (in coöperation with the Department of Water and Power of the City of Los Angeles).

**TIME:** At all these stations the minute-marks on the seismograms are coördinated directly by means of auxiliary records written at each station on which the minute-marks are registered closely parallel with recorded dot-and-dash radiotelegraphic signals sent in ordinary course from a powerful transmitting station. This permits direct correlation of the minute-marks at all the stations of the group at practically all times with an accuracy of one second, and usually of one-fifth second.

Standard time is determined at Pasadena by comparing the station clock with automatically recorded radio time signals, sent from Annapolis (NSS), three to five times daily.

The constants of these stations follow.

## PASADENA SEISMOLOGICAL LABORATORY Central Station

$\Phi = 34^\circ 08.9' N.$ ,  $\lambda = 118^\circ 10.3' W.$ ,  $h = 295$  m., Deeply weathered granitic rock, with inclusions of gneiss and schist.

**Apparatus:** horizontal-component torsion seismometers with magnetic damping and optical recording. (Cf. Bull. Seis. Soc. Am., XV, 1, 1925).

**Instruments, and Constants (approximate);**

	T <sub>0</sub>	V	h
N — S	0.8 sec.	2,800	0.8-0.9
E — W	"	"	"
N — S	6 sec.	800	0.8-0.9
E — W	"	"	"

vertical component seismometers with oil damping and galvanometric-optical recording. (Details shortly to be published.)

inertia-mass 100 kg. T<sub>0</sub>=0.5 sec. Damping critical or slightly less;

galvanometers: (1) T<sub>1</sub>=0.2 sec. Damping critical.

(2) T<sub>1</sub>=10 to 14 sec. Damping critical.

The constants of the short-period instruments do not undergo any significant changes. The constants of the instruments of longer period will be given from time to time when deviations from the values given are significant.

Experimental seismographs of various kinds are in process of development from time to time, and are used for intervals of variable duration. Information concerning these will be given when necessary.



## SEISMOLOGICAL LABORATORY AUXILIARY STATIONS

Each of the auxiliary stations has equipment as follows:

**Apparatus:** two horizontal-component torsion seismometers with magnetic damping and optical recording;

**Instruments, and Constants (approximate);**

	$T_0$	V	h
N — S	0.8 sec.	2,800	0.8-0.9
E — W	“	“	“

one vertical component seismometer with oil damping and galvanometric-optical recording to be installed at each station;  
 inertia-mass 100 kg.  $T_0=0.5$  sec. Damping critical or slightly less;  
 galvanometer:  $T_1=0.2$  sec. Damping critical.

The Station Constants follow.

Coördinates are geodetic positions referred to the North American Datum.

**Mount Wilson Seismologic Station**

$\Phi = 34^\circ 13.5' N.$ ,  $\lambda = 118^\circ 03.4' W.$ ,  $h = 1742m.$ , Weathered granite.

**Riverside Seismologic Station**

$\Phi = 33^\circ 59.6' N.$ ,  $\lambda = 117^\circ 22.4' W.$ ,  $h = 250$  m. approx., Weathered granite.

**Santa Barbara Seismologic Station**

$\Phi = 34^\circ 26.5' N.$ ,  $\lambda = 119^\circ 42.9' W.$ ,  $h = 100$  m. approx., Heavy, boulder-laden alluvium.

**La Jolla (Scripps Institution Seismologic Station)**

$\Phi = 32^\circ 51.8' N.$ ,  $\lambda = 117^\circ 15.2' W.$ ,  $h = 7.7$  m. approx., Consolidated detrital material.

**Tinemaha Seismologic Station**

$\Phi = 37^\circ 05.7' N.$ ,  $\lambda = 118^\circ 15.5' W.$ ,  $h = 1180$  m. approx., Basalt.

**Haiwee Seismologic Station**

$\Phi = 36^\circ 08.2' N.$ ,  $\lambda = 117^\circ 58.6' W.$ ,  $h = 1100$  m. approx., Loosely cemented tuff.

**SYMBOLS AND NOTATION:** in general the symbols and notation conform with the usual international practice. For the phases of deep-focus earthquakes the notation of F. J. Scrase is adopted. c, d are abbreviations for compression and dilatation.

When measurements referring to local earthquakes are included P and S will be used without index or subscript, as no attempt will be made in these bulletins to distinguish between  $\bar{P}$ ,  $P^*$ , and  $P_n$ , although such complications are often clearly indicated and are the subject of study.

**AMPLITUDES**, (half-ranges), are measured in millimeters of the seismographic trace.

**SPECIAL SYMBOLS** indicating the stations of this coördinated group are as follows:

**PASADENA SEISMOLOGICAL LABORATORY**

- For routine instruments of period 0.8 second . . . . . P
- For routine instruments of period 6 seconds . . . . .  $P_6$
- For instruments of different period analogous notation will be employed.
- For routine vertical component, galvanometer period 0.2 second . . . . . P
- For routine vertical component, galvanometer period 10 to 14 seconds . . . . . PX

**Mount Wilson Seismologic Station** . . . . . MW

**Riverside Seismologic Station** . . . . . R

**Santa Barbara Seismologic Station** . . . . . SB

**La Jolla (Scripps Institution Seismologic Station)** . . . . . LJ

**Tinemaha Seismologic Station** . . . . . T

**Haiwee Seismologic Station** . . . . . H

In general detailed measurements will be given only for the records of the Seismological Laboratory: those for records of the other stations will be given only to supplement the information.



No. 33

PASADENA and auxiliary stations

1933

Date	Station	Phase	G. C. T.			T sec	A mm	c d	Focal depth	Remarks
			h	m	s					
Sept 1	P	iPNEZ	19	13	08				deep?	
	MW	iPZ			10					
	SB	iPZ			23					
	T	iPNEZ			16					
Sept 2	P	iPNEZ	16	52	57			c	deep!	h = 0.07 $\Delta$ = 82° O = 16:41:05  Kōti gives 30°7' N 139°6' E which agrees well with all data now at hand Identification of phase at 17:22 under investi- gation; possibly ScPcP'
		ePcPZ		53	18					
		ipPZ		54	27					
		esPZ		55	18					
		iSE	17	02	37					
		iNZ			39					
		iZ		07	31					
	MW	eP'P'Z		19	22					
		iZ		22	01					
	R	iPNEZ	16	52	58			c		
		eSNEZ	17	02	42					
		eZ		22	01					
	SB	iPNEZ	16	52	57			c		
		eSNEZ	17	02	39					
		iZ		21	57					
	LJ	iPNEZ	16	52	51			c		
iSNEZ		17	02	47						
T	iZ		21	58						
	iPNEZ	16	52	51			c			
	iSNEZ	17	02	29						
		iZ		22	05					
Sept 2	P	iPEZ	20	14	22				deep?	
	MW	ePZ			23					
	SB	iPZ			19					
	T	iPNEZ			31					
Sept 4	P	iPNEZ	01	45	05			c	deep?	
	MW	iPEZ			06			c		
	R	iPNEZ			00					
	LJ	iPNEZ		44	50					
	T	iPNEZ		45	31					
Sept 6	P	iPNEZ	22	19	44				deep!	h = 0.10 $\Delta$ = 82° O = 22:08:14  JSA: 24°0' S 178°0' W O = 22:08:29 h = 600 km  USCGC: 18°0' S 179°0' W O = 22:07.8  Phase about 22:49 may be ScPcPP' cf. Sept 2, 08h
		ipPZ		21	51					
		isPZ		23	03					
		ippZ			49					
		eScPcSE		29	01					
		iSNEZ			10					
		iPSZ		30	01					
		isSN		32	57					
		iP'P'Z		46	32					
		iZ		48	53					
	MW	iPZ	19	44						
		eSEZ	29	08						
		eP'P'Z	46	22						
	R	iPNEZ	19	56						
		eSNE	29	21						
		iP'P'Z	46	40						
SB	iZ	49	10							
	iPNEZ	19	40							
	iSNEZ	23	57							
	iP'P'Z	46	30							
	iZ	43	54							

Continued



No. 34

PASADENA and auxiliary stations

1933

Date	Station	Phase	G. C. T.			T sec	A mm	c d	Focal depth	Remarks			
			h	m	s								
Sept 6	LJ	iPNEZ	22	19	44	Continued							
		iSNEZ									29	11	
		iP'P'Z									46	29	
		iZ									49	00	
	T	iPNEZ	19	48									
		iSNEZ	29	17									
		iP'P'NEZ	46	22									
	H	iZ	48	53									
		iPNEZ	19	51									
		iSNEZ	29	20									
		iP'P'NEZ	46	29									
		iZ	48	57									
Sept 7	P	iNEZ	22	48	03			c	deep?				
	MW	iEZ									04		
	T	iPEZ								47	45		
	H	iPNEZ									43		
Sept 8	P	iPNEZ	01	36	35			c	deep?				
	MW	iPEZ									37		
	T	iPEZ									44		
	H	iPNEZ									43		
Sept 9	P	iPZ	05	13	43			c	deep	Region of Japan			
		iZ										15	44
		eSNE										23	01
	MW	iPEZ		13	44								
		eZ		15	45								
		eSNE		23	00								
	R	iPNEZ		13	47								
	SB	iPNEZ		13	38								
	LJ	iPNEZ		13	53								
		iSN		23	20								
	T	iPNEZ		13	33								
		eSNE		22	38								
	H	iPNEZ		13	38								
Sept 9	P	iPNEZ	21	32	27			c	deep?	Probably slightly deeper than normal $\Delta = 80^\circ-90^\circ$ or slightly more distant  JSA: 30°0 N 141°0 E O = 21:19:05			
		iZ										49	
		iZ									33	10	
		iZ										30	
		iZ									35	40	
		eZ									44	11	
		eE									42	19	
		eE									44	04	
		eE										27	
		eLE									58	44	
	MW	iPEZ	32	28									
	R	iPEZ		30									
	SB	iPZ		23									
	LJ	ePZ		33									
	T	ePNEZ		33									
	H	iPNEZ		31									
	Sept 11	P	eZ	07	46	12							
R		iZ								11			
T		iZ								16			
Sept 11	P	iPNEZ	11	51	49			c	deep				
		iZ								12	03	45	
		iZ									04	18	

Continued



No. 35

PASADENA and auxiliary stations

1933

Date	Station	Phase	G. C. T.			T sec	A mm	c d	Focal depth	Remarks
			h	m	s					
Sept 11	MW R	iPNEZ	11	31	51	Continued				
		ePNZ			50					
	SB LJ T H	iZ	12	03	45					
		iZ		04	18					
		iPNEZ	11	31	46					
		iPEZ			45					
		i-NEZ			57					
		iZ	12	03	49					
iPNEZ	11	31	58							
Sept 12	P	ePZ	13	04	41					
	MW	ePZ			39					
	T	iPZ			50					
Sept 14	P	iPZ	03	42	15			c	deep?	
	MW R	iPZ			16					
		iPZ			20					
	LJ	iPZ			27					
	T	iPNEZ			00			c		
	H	iPNEZ			06					
Sept 14	P	iPZ	08	10	31				deep?	
		iZ			55					
	MW	ePZ			31					
	R	iPZ			26					
	T	iPZ			43					
Sept 15	P	iPZ	14	05	44				deep?	
	MW	iPZ			45					
	R	iPZ			46					
	T	iPNZ			36					
	H	iPZ			37					
Sept 15	P	ePZ	23	42	24				deep?	
	MW	ePZ			26					
	T	iPZ			23					
Sept 17	P	ePZ	10	17	38					
	MW	ePZ			38					
	R	iPZ			41					
	T	iPEZ			40					
		eN		28	16					
Sept 17	P	iPZ	06	56	11				deep	
		eZ		57	04					
	MW	eEZ		56	11					
	R	iPZ			19					
	LJ	iPZ			18					
	T	iPNEZ			16					
Sept 17	P30	eLN	22	57.1				normal		
Sept 19	P	iPZ	10	33	48				deep	
		eZ		34	16					
	MW	ePZ		33	49					
	R	iPZ			50					
	T	iPZ			55					
Sept 19	P	ePNEZ	23	45	35				normal	
		eN		49	29					
		eLNEZ		55	36					
	MW	ePZ		45	31					
	R	iPZ			35					
	T	iPNEZ			09					



No. 36

## PASADENA and auxiliary stations

1933

Date	Sta- tion	Phase	G. C. T.			T sec	A mm	c d	Focal depth	Remarks
			h	m	s					
Sept 20	P	iPZ	04	08	17				deep?	
	MW	iPEZ			18					
	T	iPNEZ			10			c		
Sept 20	P	iPZ	04	57	37					
	MW	iPZ			36					
	R	iPZ			33					
	T	iPEZ			56					
	H	iPNEZ			51					
Sept 21	P	iPNEZ	03	26	38			c	deep	
		iZ		27	00					
	MW	ePEZ		26	38					
	R	iPZ			44			c		
	LJ	iPNEZ			45					
Sept 21	T	iPNZ			28			c		
	P	ePNEZ	09	59	46					
	MW	iPZ			46					
	R	iPZ			51					
	LJ	eZ	10	00	01					
Sept 21	T	iPZ	09	59	35					
	P	iPZ	13	55	11					
Sept 21	MW	eZ			05					
	P	iPNEZ	11	49	50			d	deep?	Apparently traces of surface waves.
Sept 22	MW	ePZ			51					
	R	ePZ			53					
	LJ	iPNEZ			51					
	T	iPNEZ		50	01					
	H	ePNEZ		49	58					
Sept 23	P	iPZ	00	42	54			d	deep?	
	MW	iPZ			55					
	T	iPNEZ			52					
Sept 23	P	iPZ	14	31	57			c	deep?	
	MW	iPZ			58			c		
	R	iPZ			59			c		
	T	iPZ		32	06					
	H	iPNEZ			05					
Sept 23	P	eZ	21	04	48					
		iNEZ			54					
		iZ		06	17					
	MW	eZ		04	43					
		iZ			50					
	R	iNEZ			40					
	LJ	iPEZ			24					
		iSZ		05	29					
	T	eNEZ		06	37					
Sept 24	P	ePNEZ	15	27	52			c	normal	$\Delta = 44.96$ (4960 km)
		eSNEZ		34	28					O = 15:19:33
	P30	iLN		39	31	18				JSA: 51.29 N 174.94 W
	MW	ePNEZ		27	54					O = 15:19:50
		eSNEZ		34	30					
	R	ePNEZ	15	27	57					USCGS: 51.90 N 177.90 W
		iSNE		34	37					O = 15:19.6
	SB	ePZ		27	43					
		eSNEZ		34	15					
	LJ	iPNEZ		28	06					
		eSNEZ		34	50					
	T	ePNEZ		27	35					
		iSNEZ		34	05					
H	ePNEZ		27	43						
	eSNE		34	15						



No. 37

## PASADENA and auxiliary stations

1933

Date	Sta- tion	Phase	G. C. T.			T sec	A mm	c d	Focal depth	Remarks
			h	m	s					
Sept 24	P	iZ	15	40	52					
	MW	iZ			53					
	R	iZ			54					
	T	iZ			53					
Sept 25	P	eZ	19	05	28					
		eZ		09	07					
	P30	eL		40.1						
	MW	iZ		05	36					
		iZ		09	27					
	R	iZ		04	50					
	T	iZ		05	22					
		iZ		09	14					
Sept 27	P	iPZ	11	28	30				deep?	
	MW	iPZ			29					
	R	iPZ			28					
	T	iPNEZ			36					
	H	iPNEZ			36					
Sept 27	P	iPNEZ	21	54	49			c	deep?	
	R	iPZ			53					
	LJ	iPZ			48					
	T	iPZ			48					
Sept 27	P	eNEZ	22	50	47				normal	
	P30	eLN	23	10	39					
	R	iPZ	22	50	43					
	LJ	ePZ			34					
	T	iPNEZ		51	03					
	H	iPNZ			00					
Sept 28	P	iPNEZ	11	54	45				normal?	Possibly slightly deeper than usual
		iSNEZ		56	23					
	P30	eLN		57	00					
	MW	iPE		54	47					Roughly 41°0 N 126°0 W
		iSE		56	25					
	R	iPZ		54	54					
		iSNZ		56	34					
	SB	iPNEZ		54	35					
	T	iPNEZ			23					
		iZ			29					
		iSNZ		55	49					
	H	iPNEZ		54	32					

Harry O. Wood  
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 C. F. Richter  
 Assistant



# SEISMOLOGICAL LABORATORY

CARNEGIE INSTITUTION OF WASHINGTON  
CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

220 NORTH SAN RAFAEL AVENUE  
PASADENA, CALIFORNIA

REVISED  
OCTOBER 1, 1933

## BULLETIN

The SEISMOLOGICAL LABORATORY, Pasadena, California, is maintained and operated by the Carnegie Institution of Washington and the California Institute of Technology as a coöperative undertaking. This laboratory is the **central station** of a coördinated group. Auxiliary stations in southern California are maintained and operated as follows: At the Mount Wilson Observatory on Mount Wilson (a Department of the Carnegie Institution of Washington); at Riverside (in coöperation with the City of Riverside); at Santa Barbara (in coöperation with the Santa Barbara Museum of Natural History); at La Jolla (in coöperation with the Scripps Institution of Oceanography of the University of California); at Tinemaha, and at Haiwee, in the Owens Valley (in coöperation with the Department of Water and Power of the City of Los Angeles).

**TIME:** At all these stations the minute-marks on the seismograms are coördinated directly by means of auxiliary records written at each station on which the minute-marks are registered closely parallel with recorded dot-and-dash radiotelegraphic signals sent in ordinary course from a powerful transmitting station. This permits direct correlation of the minute-marks at all the stations of the group at practically all times with an accuracy of one second, and usually of one-fifth second.

Standard time is determined at Pasadena by comparing the station clock with automatically recorded radio time signals, sent from Annapolis (NSS), three to five times daily.

The constants of these stations follow.

### PASADENA SEISMOLOGICAL LABORATORY Central Station

$\Phi = 34^{\circ} 08.9' N.$ ,  $\lambda = 118^{\circ} 10.3' W.$ ,  $h = 295$  m., Deeply weathered granite rock, with inclusions of gneiss and schist.

**Apparatus:** horizontal-component torsion seismometers with magnetic damping and optical recording. (Cf. Bull. Seis. Soc. Am., XV, 1, 1925).

Instruments, and Constants (approximate);

	$T_0$	V	h
N — S	0.8 sec.	2,800	0.8-0.9
E — W	"	"	"
N — S	6 sec.	800	0.8-0.9
E — W	"	"	"

vertical component seismometers with oil damping and galvanometric-optical recording. (Cf. Bull. Seis. Soc. Am., XXII, 156, 1932)

inertia-mass 100 kg.  $T_0 = 0.5$  sec. Damping critical or slightly less;

galvanometers: (1)  $T_1 = 0.2$  sec. Damping critical.

(2)  $T_1 = 10$  to 14 sec. Damping critical.

The constants of the short-period instruments do not undergo any significant changes. The constants of the instruments of longer period will be given from time to time when deviations from the values given are significant.

Experimental seismographs of various kinds are in process of development from time to time, and are used for intervals of variable duration. Information concerning these will be given when necessary.



## AUXILIARY STATIONS

Each of the auxiliary stations has equipment as follows:

**Apparatus:** two horizontal-component torsion seismometers with magnetic damping and optical recording;

**Instruments and Constants (approximate);**

	T <sub>0</sub>	V	h
N — S	0.8 sec.	2,800	0.8-0.9
E — W	“	“	“

one vertical component seismometer with oil damping and galvanometric-optical recording;

inertia-mass 100 kg. T<sub>0</sub> = 0.5 sec. Damping critical or slightly less;

galvanometer: T<sub>1</sub> = 0.2 sec. Damping critical.

The Station Constants follow.

Coördinates are geodetic positions referred to the North American Datum.

**Mount Wilson Seismologic Station**

Φ = 34° 13.5' N., λ = 118° 03.4' W., h = 1742 m., Weathered granite.

**Riverside Seismologic Station**

Φ = 33° 59.6' N., λ = 117° 22.5' W., h = 250 m. approx., Weathered granite.

**Santa Barbara Seismologic Station**

Φ = 34° 26.5' N., λ = 119° 42.9' W., h = 100m. approx., Heavy, boulder-laden alluvium.

**La Jolla (Scripps Institution Seismologic Station)**

Φ = 32° 51.8' N., λ = 117° 15.2' W., h = 7.7 m. approx., Consolidated detrital material.

**Tinemaha Seismologic Station**

Φ = 37° 05.7' N., λ = 118° 15.5' W., h = 1180 m. approx., Basalt.

**Haiwee Seismologic Station**

Φ = 36° 08.2' N., λ = 117° 57.9' W., h = 1100 m. approx., Loosely cemented tuff.

**SYMBOLS AND NOTATION:** in general the symbols and notation conform with the usual international practice. For the phases of deep-focus earthquakes the notation of F. J. Scrase is adopted. c, d are abbreviations for compression and dilatation.

When measurements referring to **local** earthquakes are included P and S will be used without index or subscript, as no attempt will be made in these bulletins to distinguish between  $\bar{P}$ , P\*, and P<sub>n</sub>, although such complications are often clearly indicated and are the subject of study.

**AMPLITUDES**, (half-ranges), are measured in millimeters of the seismographic trace.

**SPECIAL SYMBOLS** indicating the stations of this coördinated group are as follows:

**PASADENA SEISMOLOGICAL LABORATORY**

For routine instruments of period 0.8 second . . . . . P

For routine instruments of period 6 seconds . . . . . P<sub>6</sub>

For instruments of different period analogous notation will be employed.

For routine vertical component, galvanometer period 0.2 second . . . . . P

For routine vertical component, galvanometer period 10 to 14 seconds . . . . . PX

**Mount Wilson Seismologic Station** . . . . . MW

**Riverside Seismologic Station** . . . . . R

**Santa Barbara Seismologic Station** . . . . . SB

**La Jolla (Scripps Institution Seismologic Station)** . . . . . LJ

**Tinemaha Seismologic Station** . . . . . T

**Haiwee Seismologic Station** . . . . . H

In general detailed measurements will be given only for the records of the Seismological Laboratory: those for records of the other stations will be given only to supplement the information.



Date	Sta- tion	Phase	G. C. T.			T sec	A mm	c d	Focal depth	Remarks
			h	m	s					
Oct 1	P	iPNEZ	02	50	21				deep	
		iNEZ			53					
	MW	iPEZ			20					
		iEZ			52					
	R	iPZ			17					
		iNEZ			48					
	SB	iNZ	51	02						
	LJ	iNEZ	50	42						
	T	iPNE			34					
		iNE	51	06						
Oct 2	H	iPZ	50	29						
		iZ			55					
	P	eZ	06	50	23					
	MW	eZ			22					
	R	eZ			27					
Oct 2	T	iPEZ			07					
	H	iZ			13					
	P	iPNEZ	09	10	24				33° 47' N 118° 08' W O = 09:10:18 Minor damage	
	MW	iPEZ			27					
	R	iPNEZ			31					
SB	iPNEZ			44						
LJ	iPNEZ			38						
Oct 2	T	iPNEZ	11	10						
	H	iPNZ	10	57						
	P	eNEZ	14	11	40			normal?		
	MW	iEZ			41		c			
	R	iZ			40					
	SB	iZ			34					
	LJ	iZ			44					
T	iNEZ			44		c				
H	iEZ			45						
Oct 2	P	iPNEZ	15	38	22			d normal	$\Delta = 5610$ km (50°5) O = 15:29:18 Strong at Guayaquil, Ecuador  USCGS: 3° S 80° W O = 15:29.3	
		iZ			28					
		iPPZ			40 09					
		iSNEZ			45 35					
		iScSZ			48 16					
	P30	iSSN			49 23					
		iLN			54 47					
	MW	iPEZ			38 21					
		iSEZ			45 36					
	R	iPZ			38 16					
		eSNE			45 29					
	SB	iZ			38 40					
	LJ	iPEZ			38 11					
		eSE			45 18					
	T	iPNEZ			38 36					
		eSNE			45 56					
	H	iPEZ			38 31					
	eSEZ			45 53						
Oct 2	P	iPNEZ	15	47	35			normal	Probably an aftershock	
	MW	iPEZ			35					
	R	iNEZ			30					
	LJ	iPEZ			24					
	T	iPNEZ			49					
	H	iPEZ			43					



No. 39

## PASADENA and auxiliary stations

1933

Date	Sta- tion	Phase	G. C. T.			T. sec	A mm	c d	Focal depth	Remarks	
			h	m	s						
Oct 2	P	eZ	18	12	41				normal?		
	MW	iZ			43						
	R	iZ			39						
	T	INEZ			58						
Oct 2	MW	eZ	19	33	20				normal?		
	R	iZ			15						
	T	IEZ			35			c			
Oct 2	P	iPNEZ	22	04	20				normal?	Ecuador?	
	MW	iPEZ			19			c			
	R	iPZ			14						
	LJ	iPZ			08						
	T	iPNEZ			34						
	H	iPEZ			29						
Oct 2	P	iPNEZ	23	42	36				d	normal?	Ecuador?
	MW	iPEZ			36						
	R	iPEZ			31				d		
	LJ	iPNEZ			24						
	T	iPNEZ			50				d		
	H	iPNEZ			45						
Oct 2	P	eZ	23	51	40					normal?	
	R	eZ			39						
	LJ	iZ			52						
	T	iPNEZ			58				d		
Oct 3	P	eZ	07	18	09						
	T	iZ			14						
Oct 3	P	iPNEZ	10	30	18				d	normal	Aftershock, Ecuador
		eSZ			37						
	P30	eLN			49						
	MW	iPE			30						
	R	iPZ			13						
	SB	iPNZ			26						
	LJ	iPNEZ			07						
	T	ePNEZ			33				d		
	H	ePNEZ			37						
Oct 3	P	iPNEZ	14	30	47				d	normal	Small surface waves recorded Ecuador?
	MW	iPE			47						
	R	iPEZ			42						
	LJ	iPNEZ			50						
	T	iPNEZ			31						
	H	iPEZ			30						
Oct 3	P	iPNEZ	18	50	55				c	normal?	Niigata Prefecture, Japan according to Kôti
	MW	iPE			57						
	R	ePZ			59						
	SB	iPNZ			49						
	T	iPNEZ			46				c		
	H	iPEZ			52						
Oct 3	P	iPZ	19	39	42						
	T	iPZ			52						
Oct 3	P	iPNEZ	21	34	13				c	deep?	
	T	iPNEZ			31						
	H	iPNEZ			26						



No. 40

## PASADENA and auxiliary stations

1933

Date	Sta- tion	Phase	G. C. T.			T sec	A mm	c d	Focal depth	Remarks
			h	m	s					
Oct 5	P	iPNEZ	15	15	18			c	deep	
		iZ			24					
		iZ			34					
	MW	iPEZ			19					
	R	iPNEZ			14					
	LJ	iPNEZ			07					
	T	iPNEZ			33					
H	iPEZ			27						
Oct 10	P	iPNEZ	03	45	36			d	deep	
		iZ			46 02					
	MW	iPNEZ			45 35			d		
		R	iPZ			32				
	SB	iZ			59					
		ePZ			42					
	LJ	iPNEZ			25					
	T	iPNEZ			47			d		
H	iZ		46	14						
	iPNEZ		45	42						
Oct 10	P	eZ	04	57	14					
	MW	iZ			12					
	R	iZ			07					
	T	iNEZ			30					
	H	iEZ			20					
Oct 10	P	iPNEZ	13	39	29			c	deep	
		iSZ			47 06					
		MW	iPNEZ			39 30				
	LJ	iPNEZ			11					
	T	iPNEZ			52					
	H	eN		44	08					
		iPNEZ		39	45					
		eNE		46 59						
Oct 11	P	eZ	23	57	59					
	MW	iZ			58 00					
	T	iNEZ			12					
Oct 12	P	iPNEZ	07	24	16			d	deep	h = 0.02 $\Delta = 9100$ km (82°) O = 07:12:00  (La Plata gives O = 07:11.99)  From Pasadena and La Plata, epicentre pro- bably off the coast of Chile, about 43° S lat.
		iZ			43					
		iZ			54					
	MW	iSNE		34	25			d		
		iPNEZ		24	16					
	R	iPZ			13					
	SB	iZ			41					
		iPZ			22					
	LJ	iPNEZ			06					
	T	iPNEZ			28			d		
H	iSNE		34	49						
	iPNEZ		24	25						
		eSE		34 39						
Oct 13	P	iZ	02	58	05				Begins earlier	
	MW	iZ			57 44					
	R	iZ			44					
	T	iPNEZ			58 07					
	H	iPNEZ			57 56					
Oct 14	P	iPNEZ	22	26	13			d	normal	$\Delta = 4220$ km (38°)
	P6	iSE			32 03					O = 22:18:48
		eLE			37 33					
Continued										



No. 41

PASADENA and auxiliary stations

1933

Date	Station	Phase	G. C. T.			T sec	A mm	c d	Focal depth	Remarks
			h	m	s					
Oct 14	R	ePZ	22	26	18	Continued			Eastern Aleutian Is.	
		eSE		32	10					
	SB	ePZ		26	12					
		eSZ		31	56					
	LJ	iPNEZ		26	27					
		eSNE		32	24					
	T	iPNEZ		25	57					
		iSNEZ		31	37					
Oct 16	H	iPNEZ		26	03					
		iSNE		31	45					
	P	iPNEZ	02	52	57			normal?		
	MW	iPEZ			56					
	R	iPNEZ		53	00					
	SB	iPNEZ		52	47					
Oct 17	LJ	iPNEZ		53	06					
	T	iPNEZ		52	39					
	H	iPNEZ			44					
	P	iPZ	12	42	15			deep?		
	T	eZ			15					
	Oct 17	P	iPNEZ	13	39	49		c	normal	
		eLZ		53	14					
MW		iPEZ		39	50		c			
R		iPZ			44					
LJ		iPNEZ			38					
T		iPNEZ		40	06					
H		iPNEZ		39	59					
Oct 22	P	iPZ	02	47	39					
	MW	iPZ			40					
Oct 22	P	eZ	12	04	09					
	MW	eZ		03	59					
Oct 23	P	iPNEZ	04	08	15			normal		
	P30	eLN		42						
	MW	iPEZ		08	16					
	LJ	ePZ			13					
	T	iPNEZ			24					
	H	iPNEZ			24					
Oct 23	P	eZ	13	52	35					
		eZ		57	55					
Oct 25	P	iPNEZ	23	39	38		d	deep	h = 0.04	
		iPcPZ			57				$\Delta = 76^\circ$	
		ipPZ		40	35				O = 23:28:06	
		esPZ		41	04				Northwestern border of	
		iSNZ		49	03				Argentina, N-W. of Salta	
		iScSE			51				USCGS: 22° S, 67° W	
		ePSNE		50	44				O = 23:28.2	
		eP'P'Z	24	06	52					
		iScPcP'Z		10	13					
	MW	iPNEZ	23	39	39					
		eSE		49	04					
	R	iPNEZ		39	35					
		eSN		48	57					
	SB	iPNEZ		39	44					
	eSNE		49	20						
Continued										



No. 42

## PASADENA and auxiliary stations

1933

Date	Sta- tion	Phase	G. C. T.			T sec	A mm	c d	Focal depth	Remarks	
			h	m	s						
Oct 25	LJ	ePNEZ	23	39	31	Continued					
		eSZ		48	48						
	T	iPNEZ		39	50						d
		eSNEZ		49	15						
	H	iPNE		39	46						
		iSNE		49	18						
Oct 26	P	eZ	12	25	32			normal	Possibly two shocks		
		iZ			52						
		iZ		28	03						
	P30	eLN		51.9							
	T	eNEZ		18	40						
		eNEZ		26	10						
	H	eNEZ		18	40						
		eNE		26	07						
Oct 27	P	iPZ	07	58	33			d deep?			
	MW	ePZ			34						
	R	ePZ			33						
	T	iPZ			32						
	H	ePZ			33						
Oct 27	P	iPNEZ	11	00	13			normal	Nevada, about 39° N 117° W		
	MW	iPNEZ			12						
	R	iPZ			15						
	SB	ePZ			16						
	LJ	ePZ			44						
	T	iPNEZ	10	59	32						
		iSNE	11	00	00						
	H	ePZ	10	59	44						
		iSZ	11	00	29						
Oct 28	P	iPNEZ	10	30	58			c deep			
	MW	ePZ		31	00						
	R	iPZ		31	00						
	SB	iPZ		30	54						
	LJ	ePNEZ		30	57						
	T	iPNEZ		31	07						
	H	iPNEZ		31	02						
Oct 30	P	iPNEZ	07	12	39			d deep?	Traces of small surface waves recorded		
	MW	iPNEZ			39						
	R	iPZ			42						
	SB	ePZ			33						
	LJ	eZ			42						
	T	iPNEZ			44						
	H	iPEZ			40						
Oct 31	P	iPZ	16	39	27			c deep?			
	MW	iPZ			28						
	R	iPZ			31						
	T	iPZ			29						

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No. 43

## PASADENA and auxiliary stations

1933

Date	Station	Phase	G. C. T.			T sec	A mm	c d	Focal depth	Remarks
			h	m	s					
Nov 2	P	iPNEZ	12	35	07				normal $\Delta = 4920$ km (44° 3) O = 12:26:50  USCGS: 52° N 176° W O = 12:27.0	
	P6	eSE		41	41					
		eLE		45	01					
	MW	ePNEZ		35	07					
	R	ePZ			14					
	SB	ePZ			01					
	LJ	ePZ			28					
	T	iPNEZ		34	56					
Nov 3	P	iPNEZ	04	26	05			d deep		
		iZ			24					
		iZ			32					
	MW	iPNEZ			07					
	R	iPZ			03					
	LJ	ePZ			00					
	T	iPNEZ			19					
	H	iPNEZ			14					
Nov 3	P	iPNEZ	10	44	57			c normal		
	P30	eLN		49.4						
	MW	iPNEZ		45	00					
	R	iPZ		44	56					
	SB	ePZ		45	11					
	LJ	ePNEZ		44	36					
	T	iPNEZ		45	31					
	H	iPNEZ		45	19					
Nov 4	P	ePNEZ	08	50	08			normal Small surface waves recorded		
	MW	iPZ			09					
	LJ	ePNEZ			03					
	T	iPNZ			17					
Nov 4	P	eNEZ	12	06	01			normal? Shock reported felt in Colombia at 11:58 G.C.T.		
	T	eZ			22					
Nov 4	P	iPNEZ	20	34	54			c normal Small surface waves recorded		
	MW	iPNEZ			55					
	SB	ePZ		35	04					
	LJ	ePZ		34	38					
	T	ePNEZ		35	16					
	H	iPNEZ			07					
Nov 5	P	eZ	08	45	02			deep?		
Nov 5	P	iPZ	09	45	32			deep?		
	MW	iPZ			33					
Nov 7	P	iPNEZ	06	52	30			c deep		
		iZ			48					
	MW	iPEZ			30					
	T	iPNEZ			26					
	H	iPNEZ			28					
Nov 7	P	iPNEZ	12	20	44			d deep		
	MW	iPNEZ			45					
	SB	ePNEZ			41					
	T	iPNEZ			54					
		iSN		31	16					
	H	iPNEZ		20	52		d d			
Nov 7	P	iPZ	14	07	22			deep?		
		iZ			40					
	MW	iPZ			21					
	T	iPZ			35					



No. 44

## PASADENA and auxiliary stations

1933

Date	Sta- tion	Phase	G. C. T.			T sec	A mm	o d	Focal depth	Remarks
			H	m	s					
Nov 7	P	iPZ	21	38	34			d	deep?	
	MW	iPZ			35					
	T	iPNEZ			14					
Nov 10	P	ePZ	05	52	32			c		
	T	ePEZ			29					
Nov 10	P	iPNEZ	08	01	36			d	deep?	
	MW	iPZ			37			d		
	T	iPNEZ		02	02			d		
Nov 11	P	ePZ	18	11	23			c		
	MW	iPZ			25					
	T	iPEZ			29					
Nov 12	P	iPNEZ	22	04	06				deep?	
		iZ			19					
		eZ			32					
	MW	iPE			07					
Nov 14	P	iPNEZ	14	17	13			d	deep	h = 0.03 $\Delta = 9100$ km (82°) Reported felt over a wide area in Chile and Argentina  USCGS: 32° S 70° W O = 14:05.2
		ePcPZ			35					
		ipPZ			54					
	PX	esPN		18	18					
		iSNE		27	15					
	MW	iPNE		17	14			d		
		eSE		27	15					
	R	iPNEZ		17	09					
		ipPZ			50					
		eSE		27	09					
	SB	ePZ		17	18					
	LJ	ePZ			05					
		ePcPZ			33					
	T	iPNEZ		17	27					
		ipPN		18	02					
		eSNE		27	39					
H	iPNEZ		17	20						
	epPZ		18	02						
	eSNE		27	30						
Nov 17	P	eNEZ	04	10	25				normal	
	P30	eLN			14.7					
	MW	eZ		10	25					
	R	eZ			22					
	LJ	eZ			17					
Nov 17	T	eZ		11	03					
	P	eZ	08	31	44					
	MW	eZ			46					
Nov 17	R	eZ			41					
	P	iPNEZ	04	07	03			d	deep	
Nov 18		iZ			15					
		iZ			32					
		iZ			41					
	MW	iPNEZ			04					
	R	iPZ			07					
		iZ			18					
		iZ			36					
		iZ			44					
	SB	ePZ	06	59						
	LJ	iPZ	07	08						
	T	eZ			06					
	eZ			34						







No. 46

## PASADENA and auxiliary stations

1933

Date	Sta- tion	Phase	G. C. T.			T sec	A mm	c d	Focal depth	Remarks
			h	m	s					
Nov 22	P	iPNEZ	12	55	36				normal	$\Delta = 11,300$ km ( $102^\circ$ ) approx East Indies
	P6	iScPcSE	13	06	09					
		iE			45					
		iE		07	13					
		eLE		25	01					
	MW	iPNEZ	12	55	38					
		iScPcSE	13	06	10					
	R	iPZ	12	55	40					
		iScPcSE	13	06	15					
	LJ	ePZ	12	55	39					
		eScPcSE	13	06	13					
		eN			54					
	T	iPZ	12	55	37					
		eScPcNE	13	06	12					
H	ePNEZ	12	55	37						
	eScPcSE	13	06	11						
Nov 23	P	eNEZ	19	05	55				normal	
	P6	eNE		11	53					
		eL		19.3						
	SB	eZ		05	47					
	LJ	eZ			18					
	H	eNEZ			43					
Nov 26	MW	eZ	14	11	51					
	T	eN		12	15					
Nov 28	P	iPZ	10	45	48			d	deep	
	MW	iPZ			49					
	R	iPZ			53					
	H	iPNEZ			37					
Nov 28	P	eZ	11	28				normal	Beginning indefinite	
	P30	eLN	12	02						
Nov 29	P	iPNEZ	05	11	13			c	normal	
		iZ		13	07					
	P6	eLE		21	25.3					
	MW	iPZ		11	13					
	R	iPZ			07					
	SB	eZ			28					
	T	ePNEZ			32					
	H	ePZ			21					
Nov 29	P	iPNEZ	05	52	34			d	deep?	
	MW	iPZ			34					
	R	iPZ			28					
	SB	iPNEZ			46			d		
	LJ	ePZ			19					
	T	iPNEZ			59					
	H	eZ	06	00	35					
		iPNEZ	05	52	49					

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# SEISMOLOGICAL LABORATORY

CARNEGIE INSTITUTION OF WASHINGTON  
CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

220 NORTH SAN RAFAEL AVENUE  
PASADENA, CALIFORNIA

REVISED  
OCTOBER 1, 1933

## BULLETIN

The SEISMOLOGICAL LABORATORY, Pasadena, California, is maintained and operated by the Carnegie Institution of Washington and the California Institute of Technology as a cooperative undertaking. This laboratory is the **central station** of a coordinated group. Auxiliary stations in southern California are maintained and operated as follows: At the Mount Wilson Observatory on Mount Wilson (a Department of the Carnegie Institution of Washington); at Riverside (in cooperation with the City of Riverside); at Santa Barbara (in cooperation with the Santa Barbara Museum of Natural History); at La Jolla (in cooperation with the Scripps Institution of Oceanography of the University of California); at Tinemaha, and at Haiwee, in the Owens Valley (in cooperation with the Department of Water and Power of the City of Los Angeles).

**TIME:** At all these stations the minute-marks on the seismograms are coordinated directly by means of auxiliary records written at each station on which the minute-marks are registered closely parallel with recorded dot-and-dash radiotelegraphic signals sent in ordinary course from a powerful transmitting station. This permits direct correlation of the minute-marks at all the stations of the group at practically all times with an accuracy of one second, and usually of one-fifth second.

Standard time is determined at Pasadena by comparing the station clock with automatically recorded radio time signals, sent from Annapolis (NSS), three to five times daily.

The constants of these stations follow.

### PASADENA SEISMOLOGICAL LABORATORY Central Station

$\Phi = 34^{\circ} 08.9' N.$ ,  $\lambda = 118^{\circ} 10.3' W.$ ,  $h = 295$  m., Deeply weathered granite rock, with inclusions of gneiss and schist.

**Apparatus:** horizontal-component torsion seismometers with magnetic damping and optical recording. (Cf. Bull. Seis. Soc. Am., XV, 1, 1925).

Instruments, and Constants (approximate);

	$T_0$	V	h
N—S	0.8 sec.	2,800	0.8-0.9
E—W	"	"	"
N—S	6 sec.	800	0.8-0.9
E—W	"	"	"

vertical component seismometers with oil damping and galvanometric-optical recording. (Cf. Bull. Seis. Soc. Am., XXII, 156, 1932)

inertia-mass 100 kg.  $T_0 = 0.5$  sec. Damping critical or slightly less;

galvanometers: (1)  $T_1 = 0.2$  sec. Damping critical.

(2)  $T_1 = 10$  to 14 sec. Damping critical.

The constants of the short-period instruments do not undergo any significant changes. The constants of the instruments of longer period will be given from time to time when deviations from the values given are significant.

Experimental seismographs of various kinds are in process of development from time to time, and are used for intervals of variable duration. Information concerning these will be given when necessary.



## AUXILIARY STATIONS

Each of the auxiliary stations has equipment as follows:

- Apparatus: two horizontal-component torsion seismometers with magnetic damping and optical recording;  
 Instruments and Constants (approximate);

	T <sub>0</sub>	V	h
N — S	0.8 sec.	2,800	0.8-0.9
E — W	“	“	“

one vertical component seismometer with oil damping and galvanometric-optical recording;  
 inertia-mass 100 kg. T<sub>0</sub>=0.5 sec. Damping critical or slightly less;  
 galvanometer: T<sub>1</sub>=0.2 sec. Damping critical.

The Station Constants follow.

Coördinates are geodetic positions referred to the North American Datum.

### Mount Wilson Seismologic Station

Φ = 34° 13.5' N., λ = 118° 03.4' W., h = 1742 m., Weathered granite.

### Riverside Seismologic Station

Φ = 33° 59.6' N., λ = 117° 22.5' W., h = 250 m. approx., Weathered granite.

### Santa Barbara Seismologic Station

Φ = 34° 26.5' N., λ = 119° 42.9' W., h = 100m. approx., Heavy, boulder-laden alluvium.

### La Jolla (Scripps Institution Seismologic Station)

Φ = 32° 51.8' N., λ = 117° 15.2' W., h = 7.7 m. approx., Consolidated detrital material.

### Tinemaha Seismologic Station

Φ = 37° 05.7' N., λ = 118° 15.5' W., h = 1180 m. approx., Basalt.

### Haiwee Seismologic Station

Φ = 36° 08.2' N., λ = 117° 57.9' W., h = 1100 m. approx., Loosely cemented tuff.

**SYMBOLS AND NOTATION:** in general the symbols and notation conform with the usual international practice. For the phases of deep-focus earthquakes the notation of F. J. Scrase is adopted. c, d are abbreviations for compression and dilatation.

When measurements referring to local earthquakes are included P and S will be used without index or subscript, as no attempt will be made in these bulletins to distinguish between  $\bar{P}$ , P\*, and P<sub>n</sub>, although such complications are often clearly indicated and are the subject of study.

**AMPLITUDES**, (half-ranges), are measured in millimeters of the seismographic trace.

**SPECIAL SYMBOLS** indicating the stations of this coördinated group are as follows:

#### PASADENA SEISMOLOGICAL LABORATORY

- For routine instruments of period 0.8 second . . . . . P
- For routine instruments of period 6 seconds . . . . . P<sub>6</sub>
- For instruments of different period analogous notation will be employed.
- For routine vertical component, galvanometer period 0.2 second . . . . . P
- For routine vertical component, galvanometer period 10 to 14 seconds . . . . . PX

Mount Wilson Seismologic Station . . . . . MW

Riverside Seismologic Station . . . . . R

Santa Barbara Seismologic Station . . . . . SB

La Jolla (Scripps Institution Seismologic Station). . . . . LJ

Tinemaha Seismologic Station . . . . . T

Haiwee Seismologic Station . . . . . H

In general detailed measurements will be given only for the records of the Seismological Laboratory: those for records of the other stations will be given only to supplement the information.



No. 47

PASADENA and auxiliary stations

1953

Date	Station	Phase	G. C. T.			T sec	A mm	c d	Focal depth	Remarks
			h	m	s					
Dec 1	P	iPNEZ	10	38	58				c deep	
	MW	ePNEZ		39	00					
	R	ePZ			00					
	SB	iPNE		38	55					
	LJ	ePNEZ		39	00					
	T	iPNEZ			05					
	H	iPNEZ			06					
Dec 2	P	eZ	03	08	16				normal?	
	MW	eZ			17					
	R	eZ			13					
	T	eZ			27					
Dec 2	P	eZ	05	26	37					
	MW	eZ			40					
	R	eZ			40					
	T	eZ			48					
	H	eZ			47					
Dec 2	P	eZ	05	35	58				normal	
	P30	eLN	06	04.1						
		eN		10.8						
Dec 2	P	cZ	20	22	59				normal	
		eN		29	57					
		eN		31	01					
	P30	iLN		57	20					
	MW	eZ		23	19					
Dec 3	P	iPNEZ	12	31	54				c normal	
	P30	eLN		41.9						
	MW	iPNEZ		31	55					
	R	iPZ			58					
	LJ	ePZ		32	08					
	T	ePNE		31	35					
	H	ePNEZ			43					
Dec 4	P	iPNEZ	19	44	38				c deep $\Delta = 7900 \text{ km}, (71^\circ) h = 0.06$ $O = 19:33:50$	
		iPcPZ			56					
		ipPEZ		46	00					
		iSNEZ		53	24					
		iNE		54	07					
		iP'P'Z	20	12	26					
	MW	iScPcPP'Z	15	33						
		iPNEZ		44	39					
		iSNEZ		53	24					
		R	iPNEZ		44	41				
		SB	eSNEZ		53	31				
	LJ	iPNE		44	32					
		eSNE		53	12					
		ePNEZ		44	46					
	T	eSNE		53	41					
		iPNEZ		44	27					
	H	iSNE		53	04					
iPNEZ		19	44	31						
iSNEZ			53	10						
Dec 9	P	eNE	13	50	40					
	MW	eZ			41					
	R	eZ			35					



No. 48

PASADENA and auxiliary stations

1933

Date	Sta- tion	Phase	G. C. T.			T sec	A mm	c d	Focal depth	Remarks
			h	m	s					
Dec 9	P	iZ	14	40	43					
		iZ		42	49					
	MW	iZ		40	44					
		eZ		42	54					
	R	iZ		40	45					
		eZ		42	52					
	LJ	eZ		40	46					
		eZ		42	54					
	T	eNEZ		40	52					
		eZ		43	03					
H	eNEZ		40	49						
	eZ		43	01						
Dec 10	P	eZ	08	00	54					
	MW	eZ			53					
		eZ			51					
	T	eZ?		01	06					
		eZ			12					
H	eZ			08						
Dec 12	P	ePZ	11	02	18					
	MW	ePZ			20					
		ePZ			21					
	T	iPNEZ			28		c			
	H	ePZ			27					
Dec 12	P	iPNEZ	14	24	20			c	normal	
		iN		26	15					
		iEZ		27	58					
		iZ		28	13					
	P6	eE		32	26					
		eLE		53.0						
	MW	iPZ		24	21			c		
		iZ		27	59					
	R	iPZ		24	23					
	LJ	iPZ			24					
		iPZ			21			c		
	T	iEZ		28	00					
		iPZ		24	22					
H	eE		28	02						
Dec 13	P	iPNEZ	21	28	13			c	normal	JSA = 18°5 N, 103°5 W. O = 21:23:47
		iSEZ		32	04					
		iLE		34	19					
	MW	iPNEZ		28	15					
		eSNE		32	10					
	R	iPNEZ		28	08					
		eSZ		31	55					
	SB	ePZ		28	25					
	LJ	ePNEZ		27	56					
		iSNE		31	32					
	T	iPNZ		28	38					
		iSN		32	55					
	H	iPNEZ		28	29					
		eSN		52	34					
	Dec 14	P	iPNEZ	07	21	07			c	
P6		iSNE		25	09					
		iNE			17					
		eLE		27	45					
MW		iPNEZ		21	08					
		eE		25	17					

Continued



No. 49

## PASADENA and auxiliary stations

1933

Date	Station	Phase	G. C. T.	T	A	c	Focal	Remarks	
			h m s	sec	mm	d	depth		
Dec 14	R	iPZ	07 21 02	Continued					
	SB	ePZ	21 20						
	LJ	iPNEZ	20 51						
		eN	24 45						
	T	iPNZ	21 32						
		eSN	25 54						
	H	iPNEZ	21 21						
		eSNE	25 35						
Dec 14	P	iPZ	20 19 42			c	deep?		
	MW	iPZ	41						
	R	iPZ	45						
	T	iPNEZ	37			c			
	H	iPZ	41						
Dec 15	P	iZ	07 52 09				normal	JSA: 54°2 N. 35° W	
	P30	eL	08 13 41					O = 07:42:14	
		iL	15 09						
	MW	eZ	52 08						
	R	iZ	07						
	T	iPNEZ	51 54						
	H	eZ	58						
Dec 17	P	iPZ	02 40 54						
	R	iPZ	50						
	T	iPZ	41 05						
Dec 17	P	eZ	12 48 05						
	MW	eZ	07						
	R	iZ	08			c			
	T	iZ	15						
Dec 18	P	iPZ	20 38 15			c	deep?		
	MW	iPZ	18			c			
	R	iPZ	19			c			
	LJ	iPNEZ	16			c			
	T	iPNEZ	27			c			
	H	iPNEZ	25			c			
Dec 19	P	ePZ	05 50 02				normal	Small surface waves recorded	
	MW	iPZ	01						
	R	iPZ	06						
	LJ	iPZ	10						
	T	ePZ	49 35						
	H	iPZ	49						
Dec 19	P	iP(?)NEZ	17 56 52				deep??	Seismograms of a type unusual at Pasadena	
		iZ!	57 01						
		eNZ	18 12 54						
		iSS(?)NZ	16 40						
	MW	iNEZ	17 56 53						
		eNEZ	18 12 49						
	R	iEZ	17 56 52						
		eEZ	18 12 45						
	SB	iPZ	17 56 55						
		eE!	18 12 36						
	LJ	iPZ	17 57 01						
		iZ	58 50						
		eZ	18 13 11						
	T	iNEZ	17 56 30						
				Continued					



No. 50

PASADENA and auxiliary stations

1933

Date	Station	Phase	G. C. T. h m s	T sec	A mm	c d	Focal depth	Remarks
Dec 19	T	eN	17 58 14	Continued				
		iNZ	18 11 14					
	H	eN	14 45					
		iNEZ	17 56 42					
		eNE	18 11 32					
		eN	15 20					
Dec 19	P	eZ	22 23 09					
		iZ	46					
		iZ	29 05					
	MW	iZ	23 11					
		iZ	47					
	R	iZ	29 06					
		iZ	23 49					
	LJ	iPNEZ	59					
		eZ	22 49					
	R	iZ	28 56					
		iZ	23 31					
Dec 21	P	eZ	00 09 34					
		iZ	34					
	MW	eZ	44					
		eZ	47					
Dec 21	P	iPNEZ	04 43 52				d	deep
		eZ	44 21					
	MW	iPEZ	43 52					
		iPZ	48					
	R	iPNEZ	58					
		iPNEZ	43					
	LJ	iPNEZ	44 03					
		iPNEZ	43 59					
Dec 21	P	eZ	23 21 03					
		iZ	07					
	MW	iZ	09					
		iEZ	00					
	R	iNEZ	07					
iNEZ		07						
Dec 22	P	iPNEZ	19 19 24				d	deep
		eZ	20 18					
	MW	iPNEZ	19 25					
		iZ	20 18					
	R	iPZ	19 27					
		iPNEZ	26					
	LJ	iPNEZ	30					
		iPEZ	29					
H	iZ	20 18						
	iZ	18						
Dec 23	P	iPZ	01 13 53				d	deep?
		iPZ	53					
	MW	iPZ	55					
		iPNEZ	14 01					
	R	iPNEZ	13 59					
iPNEZ		59						
Dec 23	P	iPZ	02 00 26				c	deep
		iPNEZ	27					
	MW	iPZ	28					
		iPZ	20					
	R	iPZ	20					
		iPNEZ	34					
	LJ	iPNEZ	31					
iPNEZ		31						



No. 51

## PASADENA and auxiliary stations

1933

Date	Sta- tion	Phase	G. C. T.			T sec	A mm	c d	Focal depth	Remarks
			h	m	s					
Dec 24	P	iPZ	10	59	08				Probably two shocks	
		eZ	11	08	25					
	MW	iPZ	10	59	11			c		
		eZ	11	08	30					
	R	iPZ	10	59	10					
		eZ	11	08	29					
Dec 27	T	ePZ	10	59	09					
		eZ	11	08	36					
	P	iPZ	11	37	25			c		
	MW	iPEZ			26			c		
		iZ	44	30						
Dec 27	R	iPZ	37	26				c		
	T	iPZ		29						
	H	ePE		29						
Dec 27	MW	iPZ	11	49	50					
	R	iPZ			51					
Dec 29	MW	iPZ	08	26	08					
	R	iPZ			03			d		
	T	iPZ			23					
Dec 29	P	iPZ	22	25	16			d	decp?	
	MW	iPNEZ			17			d		
	R	iPZ			19			d		
	T	iPEZ		24	56					
	H	iPNZ		25	03					

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